

**Exam 1 Practice B 25X****Problem 1**

Consider the addition of  $(1111)_2$  and  $(0101)_2$  in a 4-bit two's complement number system:

- i Compute the addition in binary (your output must also be 4-bits).
- ii Write the decimal equivalent of the operation above. For example, you might write  $5 + 3 = 8$ .
- iii Is there an overflow in this operation? Explain why or why not in one sentence.

**Problem 2**

The headlights of a car turn on for either of the following two reasons:

- the manual switch is on
- the automatic switch is on and the car does not detect any light (i.e. it's dark outside)

1. Construct a truth table for H in terms of A, L, M.

- $A = 1$  when automatic headlight switch is on
- $L = 1$  when light detected by light sensor
- $M = 1$  when manual headlight switch is on
- $H = 1$  when headlights on

A	L	M	H

2. Write a logic expression<sup>1</sup> for H in terms of A, L, M.

### Problem 3

Simplify each of the following expressions by applying (and labelling) one law at time from [logic\\_set\\_identities.pdf](#). Do not use the set difference operator in your simplifications. Note that the set  $U$  in the second item is the universal set, which includes all elements.

i  $A \cap A$

ii  $(A^C \cap B^C)^C \cap U$

iii  $(A \cup A) \cap (B \cup A^C)$

### Problem 4

Using induction, show that  $n! < n^n$  for all  $n = 2, 3, 4, \dots$

### Problem 5 ★. Wilson characterization of primes

A positive integer  $p$  has the property  $(p-1)! = -1 \pmod{p}$ . Prove that  $p$  must be prime.

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<sup>1</sup>For example, a logical expression for X in terms of R and E is  $X = R \wedge E$