# IJIT: An API for Boolean Program Analysis with Just-in-Time Translation<sup>1</sup>

Peizun Liu and Thomas Wahl

Northeastern University, Boston, USA

SEFM 2017, Trento, Italy

September 06, 2017

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>This work is supported by NSF grant no. 1253331.

### **Outline**

**Motivation** 

**BP Analysis with JIT Translation** 

The IJIT API: Design

The IJIT API: Usage

**Empirical Evaluation** 

Conclusion

### **Outline**

#### **Motivation**

**BP Analysis with JIT Translation** 

The IJIT API: Design

The IJIT API: Usage

**Empirical Evaluation** 

Conclusion

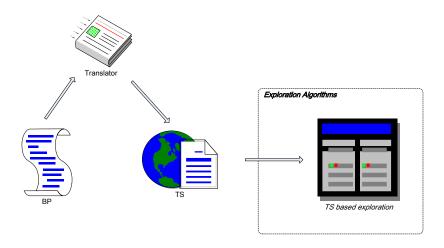
### **Problem Statement**

#### Boolean program analysis ...

```
decl g1,g2 := *,*; // global variable
void main() begin
   decl 1 := 0; // local variable
  0: g1, g2 := 0, 0;
  1: start_thread 3;
  2: skip;
  3: goto 4, 7;
  4: assume(g1);
  5: 1 := g1;
  6: goto 8;
  7: assume(!g1);
  8: g1,g2 := !g1,1;
  9: assert(!g2|!1);
end
```

### **Problem Statement**

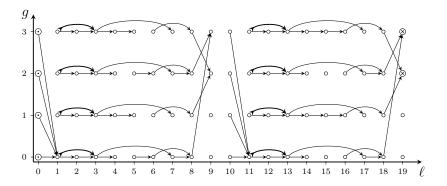
### ... through exploration algorithms



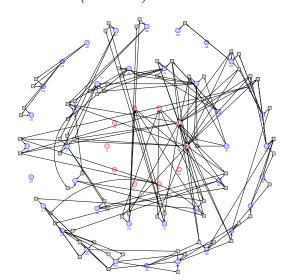
#### For a BP:

```
decl g1,g2 := *,*; // global variable
void main() begin
    decl 1 := 0; // local variable
  0: g1,g2 := 0,0;
  1: start_thread 3;
  2: skip;
  3: goto 4, 7;
  4: assume(g1);
  5: 1 := g1;
  6: goto 8;
  7: assume(!g1);
  8: g1,g2 := !g1,1;
  9: assert(!g2|!1);
end
```

### From BP to TS (Transition System):



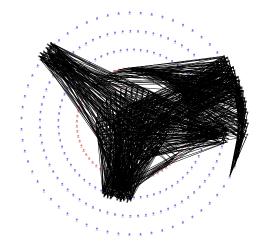
# From BP to PN (Petri Net):



$$|R| = 84$$

From BP to PN: one benchmark

BP: 
$$|V_G| = 5$$
,  $|V_L| = 2$ ,  $LOC = 60$ 



$$|R| = 8064$$

# Classical Solution: The On-the-Fly Exploration

#### **Advantages:**

avoids the static transition system construction 2 operates on-the-fly: what you visit is what you pay 3 results in dramatic savings

# On-the-Fly Exploration: The Problem

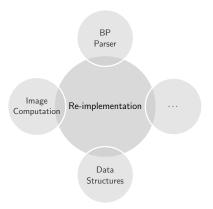
### ... requires re-implementation, which implies



a heavy development burden

# On-the-Fly Exploration: The Problem

#### Is the re-implementation so bad?



#### An instance:

BWS [Abdulla, 2010]:

	LOC
Original	$\approx 1300$
Added	$\approx 1400$
Changed	≈ 600

Updated: > 150%

# On-the-Fly Exploration: The Problem

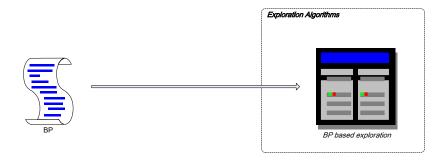
... requires re-implementation, which implies



a maintenance nightmare

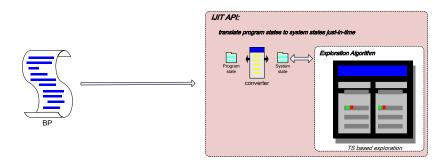
### **Our Goal**

#### ... is to automate the "re-implementation"



### **Our Solution**

### ... is an API for just-in-time translation



### **Outline**

Motivation

**BP Analysis with JIT Translation** 

The IJIT API: Design

The IJIT API: Usage

**Empirical Evaluation** 

Conclusion

# **BP Analysis with JIT Translation**

Target: exploration algorithms

#### **TS Exploration**

```
Scheme 1 Explore(M, T)
```

```
Input: transition system M, target T
 1: Initialize W and X
 2: while \exists w \in W
        W := W \setminus \{w\}
 3:
        for each w' \in \text{image}(w)
 4:
            if w' not in X then
 5:
               if w' in T then
 6:
                   return "found"
 7:
                merge w' into W and X
 8:
             "not found"
   return
```

# **BP Analysis with JIT Translation**

Approach: an API, with  $\mathcal{B} \leftrightarrow M$  conversion functions  $(f, f^{-1})$ 

### JIT Exploration

```
Scheme 2 EXPLORE IJIT(\mathcal{B}, T)
Input: Boolean Program \mathcal{B}, target T
 1: Initialize W and X
 2: while \exists w = \in W
        W := W \setminus \{w\}
 3:
        for each w' \in f^{-1}(\text{image}_{\mathcal{B}}(f(w)))
 4:
             if w' not in X then
 5:
                 if w' in T then
 6:
                     return "found"
 7:
                 merge w' into W and X
 8:
              "not found"
    return
```

# **BP Analysis with JIT Translation**

#### Comparison

#### **Before**

```
Scheme 1 EXPLORE(M, T)
Input: transition system M, target T

    Initialize W and X

 2: while \exists w \in W
       W := W \setminus \{w\}
 3:
       for each w' \in \text{image}(w)
 4:
 5:
           if w' not in X then
               if w' in T then
 6:
                   return "found"
 7:
 8.
               merge w' into W and X
 9: return "not found"
```

#### After

```
Scheme 2 EXPLORE_IJIT(\mathcal{B}, T)
Input: Boolean Program \mathcal{B}, target T
1: Initialize W and X
2: while \exists w = \in W
3: W := W \setminus \{w\}
4: for each w' \in f^{-1}(\text{image}_{\mathcal{B}}(f(w)))
5: if w' not in X then
6: if w' in T then
7: return "found"
8: merge w' into W and X
9: return "not found"
```

### **Outline**

Motivation

**BP Analysis with JIT Translation** 

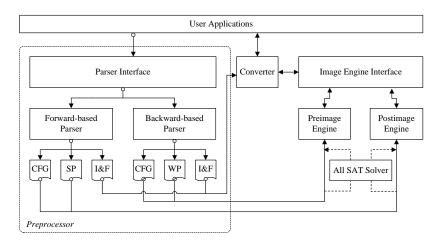
The IJIT API: Design

The IJIT API: Usage

**Empirical Evaluation** 

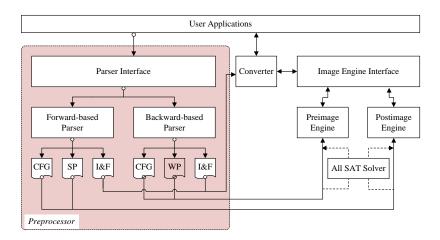
Conclusion

### A Schematic Overview of IJIT<sup>2</sup>

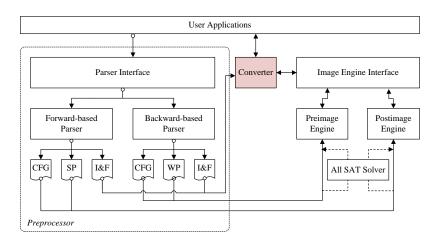


<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>IJIT: Interface for Just-In-Time translation.

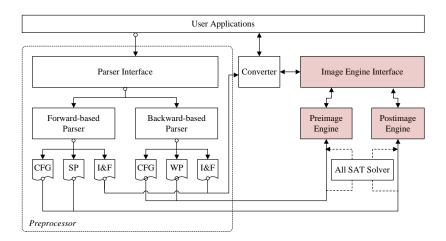
### **Preprocessor**



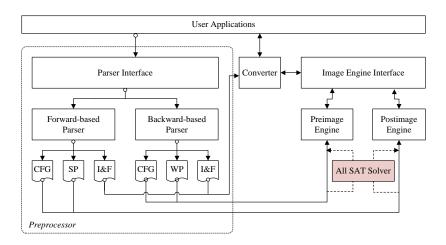
#### Converter



### **Image Computation**



#### **All-SAT** solver



### **Outline**

Motivation

**BP Analysis with JIT Translation** 

The IJIT API: Design

The IJIT API: Usage

**Empirical Evaluation** 

Conclusion

# **API Usage**

#### An example

```
// user's headers, namespace, etc.
void explore() {
 auto R = read_file("filename.ts");
 set < state > I = R.init():
 set < state > F = R.final();
  state tau:
 while (...) { // state exploration
    tau = ...; // an unexplored state
    set < state > Tau = image(tau);
 } // end while
```

# **API Usage**

#### An example

```
#include "ijit.hh"
using namespace ijit;
void explore_jit() {
  auto P = parser::parse("filename.bp", mode::POST);
  converter c;
  set < state > I = c.convert(P.init());
  set < state > F = c.convert(P.final());
  state tau:
  while (...) {
    tau = ...;
    set < state > Tau = c.convert(
                  image(c.convert(tau), mode::POST));
```

# **API Usage**

#### An example

#### Before

```
// user's headers, namespace, etc.
void explore() {
                                             5
  auto R = read file("filename.ts"):
                                             6
7
  set < state > I = R.init():
                                             8
  set < state > F = R.final();
                                             9
  state tau;
                                             10
  while (...) { // state exploration
                                             11
    tau = ...; // an unexplored state
                                             12
    set < state > Tau = image(tau);
                                             13
                                             14
                                             15
  } // end while
                                             16
```

#### After

### **Outline**

Motivation

**BP Analysis with JIT Translation** 

The IJIT API: Design

The IJIT API: Usage

**Empirical Evaluation** 

Conclusion

### Goal of Evaluation

#### **Evaluate IJIT through comparisons**

Version	Trans. BP to TS	How obtained
TS version	statically	original version
JIT version	on the fly	automated with IJIT
BP version	on the fly	manual re-implementation

We expect a performance ranking of the form

BP version < JIT version ≪ TS version

where "<" (" $\ll$ ") means "(much) faster".

# **Benchmark Algorithms**

### Backward Search [Abdulla, 2010]

BWS operates over a *well quasi-ordered system* (WQOS). WQO is the *covers* relation:

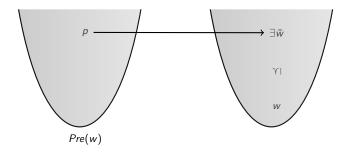
$$(s, \bar{\ell}_1, \ldots, \bar{\ell}_{\bar{n}}) \succeq (s, \ell_1, \ldots, \ell_n)$$

whenever  $multiset\{\bar{\ell}_1,\ldots,\bar{\ell}_{\bar{n}}\}\supseteq multiset\{\ell_1,\ldots,\ell_n\}.$ 

See paper for more benchmark algorithms and evaluation

# **Benchmark Algorithms**

### Backward Search [Abdulla, 2010]



$$CovPre(w) = min\{p \mid \exists \ \bar{w}: \ p \to \bar{w} \land \bar{w} \succeq w\}$$

# **Experimental Setup**

### Benchmark<sup>2</sup>

30 C programs, 155 BPs, we use  ${\rm SATABS}$  [Clark et al., 2005] to construct the BPs from these programs.

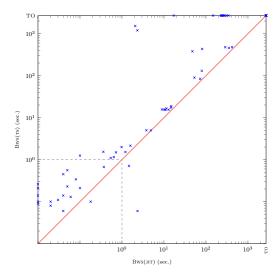
BP	min.	max.
$ V_G $	0	7
$ V_L $	0	7
LOC	29	278
TS	min.	max.
<i>G</i>	5	16385
<i>L</i>	24	3969
R	57	269488

- benchmark: http://www.ccs.neu.edu/home/lpzun/ijit
- source code: https://github.com/lpzun/ijit

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Download me ©:

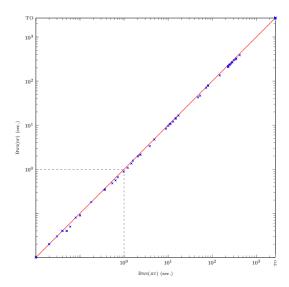
# **Experimental Evaluation**

#### **Evaluation on BWS: Time**



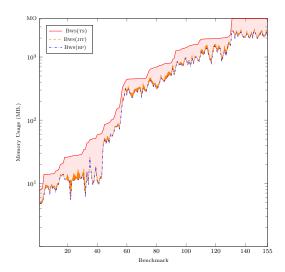
# **Experimental Evaluation**

#### **Evaluation on BWS: Time**



# **Experimental Evaluation**

### **Evaluation on BWS: Memory**



### **Outline**

Motivation

**BP Analysis with JIT Translation** 

The IJIT API: Design

The IJIT API: Usage

**Empirical Evaluation** 

Conclusion

### **Conclusion**

#### Conclusion

- with IJIT, users automatically adapt TS algorithms to BP input;
- with IJIT, users reap almost the same benefits as manual re-implementation.

#### **Future work**

- extending IJIT to support Petri Nets;
- extending IJIT to support nonstandard image computations.

### Thank You

#### References

- R. M. Karp and R. E. Miller, "Parallel program schemata", J. Comput. Syst. Sci., 1969.
- P. A. Abdulla, "Well (and better) quasi-ordered transition systems", *Bulletin of Symbolic Logic*, 2010.
- A. Kaiser, D. Kroening, and T. Wahl, "Dynamic cutoff detection in parameterized concurrent programs", *CAV*, 2010.
- P. Liu, T. Wahl, "Infinite-state backward exploration of Boolean broadcast programs", FMCAD, 2014.
- **E.M.** Clarke, D. Kroening, N. Sharygina, K. Yorav: "SATABS: SAT-based predicate abstraction for ANSI-C", *TACAS*, 2005.