3. The four control points for a cubic Bezier curve are shown in the figure below. The blending functions are,

- for  $P_0$ ,  $(1 u)^3$
- for  $P_1$ ,  $3u(1 u)^2$
- for  $P_2$ ,  $3u^2(1 u)$
- for  $P_3$ ,  $u^3$

Calculate the exact value of the coordinates of the curve at u = 1/2. Using this information and what you know about how the slope of the curve must behave at the endpoints, draw a reasonably accurate picture of the entire curve from P<sub>0</sub> to

P<sub>3</sub>. **Answer**: The blending function values for u=1/2, in order are: 1/8, 3/8, 3/8, 1/8. Using these as the weights for the four x values, 0, 0, 1, 1, gives a weighted sum of x=1/2, as we'd expect. Weighting the y values 0, 1, 1, 0, gives a weighted sum of 3/4, so the point is P(1/2) = (1/2, 3/4), which is within the convex hull (the square). Below we show the Bezier curve drawn in a standard drawing application, using the same control points. The curve at each endpoint is vertical, as it must be, because the corresponding control points are directly above the endpoints.



4. This question focuses on clipping the five-sided polygon shown below against the upper edge of the rectangular window. The Sutherland-Hodgeman polygon clipping algorithm creates a single polygon and in this case will produce a spurious line along part of the upper boundary. The Weiler-Atherton algorithm can build more than one polygon and does not leave a spurious line. Show how the Weiler-Atherton algorithm traces the appropriate boundaries as it moves around the polygon and window edge, starting at vertex  $V_1$ . *Only* consider clipping against the *upper* window edge in this question.



**Answer**: This answer is virtually identical to the illustration in Fig. 6-25 in the text. Starting at  $V_1$ , the three vertices  $V_1'$  and  $V_2$  and  $V_2'$  are retained. Then the path turns right at the boundary, ending at  $V_1'$ , completing the first polygon. The algorithm resumes at  $V_3$ , and follows a similar procedure to create the polygon  $V_3'$ ,  $V_4$ ,  $V_4'$ .

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