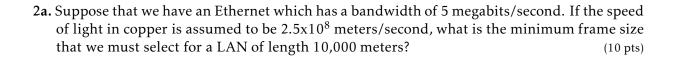
This homework is due at the beginning of class on November 3, 2014 and is worth 1.5% of your grade.

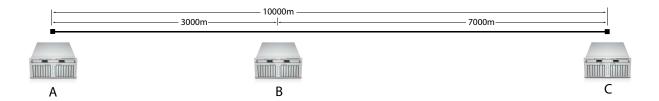
| Name: _        |  |
|----------------|--|
|                |  |
|                |  |
| CCIS Username: |  |

| Problem | Possible | Score |
|---------|----------|-------|
| 1       | 20       |       |
| 2       | 25       |       |
| 3       | 30       |       |
| 4       | 25       |       |
| Total   | 100      |       |

|              | ny is it important for protocols configured on top of Ethernet to have a length field in taken ader indicating how long the message is? | their<br>5 pts |
|--------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|
|              |                                                                                                                                         |                |
| 1 <b>h</b> W | nat kinds of problems can arise when two hosts on the same Ethernet share the same h                                                    | ard.           |
|              |                                                                                                                                         | 0 pts          |
|              |                                                                                                                                         |                |
|              |                                                                                                                                         |                |
|              | ve <b>two</b> reasons why Ethernet sends a 64-bit preamble before every packet consisting os and 1s.                                    | ng of<br>5 pts |
|              |                                                                                                                                         |                |
|              |                                                                                                                                         |                |



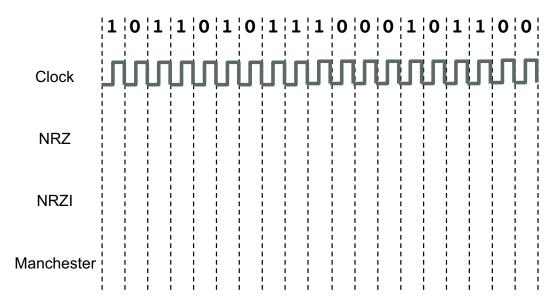
**2b.** Suppose the layout of our LAN is as shown below.



What would happen if host A transmitted a frame that was smaller than this minimum frame size? Under what circumstances would problems occur? (10 pts)

**2c.** What is the minimum frame size that host B could send without any problems? (5 pts)

3a. Draw in the NRZ, NRZI and Manchester encodings for the bit pattern below.

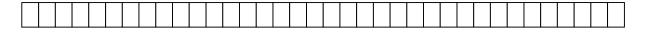


You can use Figure 2.10 of Peterson and Davie as a model.

(10 pts)

**3b.** Apply the HDLC bit-stuffing protocol to the pattern below and write down the resulting sequence in the boxes provided. You do not need to include any start frame/end frame sequences. .

## 010110111111110111111111001



You may not need to use all of the boxes.

(10 pts)

**3c.** If the bit pattern below is received at a HDLC receiver, what is the interpretation of this pattern?

## 011111101011111101101111110000111111110



You may not need to use all of the boxes.

(10 pts)