10 Homework

Due: Thursday, April 11, 2013.

Problems

Required: 4 of the following 5 problems **Points:** 25 points per problem

- 1. a Show that **P** is closed under complement and concatenation.
 - b Let *A* be a decidable language and let *D* be a polytime decider for it. Consider the following algorithm for deciding whether a given non-empty string *s* of length *n* belongs to A^* : For every possible way of splitting *s* into non-empty substrings $s = s_1s_2...s_k$, run *D* on each substring s_i in that split and *accept* iff all substrings are accepted by *D* for some split. Derive an exact expression for how many possible such splits there are as a function of n = |s|. Use this to conclude that this algorithm does not run in polynomial time, even though *D* does.
 - c What does the result of part b imply about the closure of **P** under the star operation?
- 2. Do the Problem 7.10

Show that ALL_{DFA} is in *P*.

3. Do the Problem 7.13

Let $MODEXP = \{ < a, b, c, p > | a, b, c, and p are binary integers such that <math>a^b \equiv c(modp) \}$.

Show that $MODEXP \in P$.

Note that the most obvious algorithm does not run in polynomial time. Hint: Try it first where *b* is a power of 2.

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4. Do the Problem 7.24

Let $CNF_k = \{ \langle \phi \rangle | \phi \text{ is a satisfiable cnf-formula where each variable appears in at most$ *k* $places \}.$

(a) Show that $CNF_2 \in P$.

- (b) Show that *CNF*₃ is NP-complete.
- 5. Do the Problem 7.27

A cut in undirected graph is a separation of the vertices V into two disjoint subsets S and T. The size of the cut is the number of edges that have one endpoint in S and the other in T. Let

 $MAXCUT = \{ \langle G, k \rangle | G \text{ has a cut of size } k \text{ or more} \}.$

Show that *MAXCUT* is NP-Complete.