

## Understanding Loops

```
/**  
 * Determine if the collection generated by the given Traversal  
 * contains an element that satisfies the given predicate.  
 */  
public <T> boolean contains(Traversal<T> tr, ISelect<T> choice){  
    try{  
        if (tr.isEmpty())  
            return false;  
        else  
            if (choice.select(tr.getFirst()))  
                return true;  
            else  
                return contains(tr.getRest(), choice);  
    }  
    catch(IllegalUseOfTraversalException e){  
        System.out.println("Illegal traversal: " + e.getMessage());  
        return false;  
    }  
}  
  
/**  
 * Count how many elements in the collection generated by the  
 * given Traversal satisfy the given predicate.  
 */  
public <T> int countSuch(Traversal<T> tr, ISelect<T> choice){  
    try{  
        if (tr.isEmpty())  
            return 0;  
        else  
            if (choice.select(tr.getFirst()))  
                return 1 + countSuch(tr.getRest(), choice);  
            else  
                return countSuch(tr.getRest(), choice);  
    }  
    catch(IllegalUseOfTraversalException e){  
        System.out.println("Illegal traversal: " + e.getMessage());  
        return 0;  
    }  
}
```

```

/*
-----  

  TEMPLATE - ANALYSIS:  

-----  

  ReturnType method-name(Traversal<T> tr){  

    +-----+  

    // invoke the methodAcc: | acc <- BASE-VALUE |  

    +-----+  

    method-name-acc(Traversal<T> tr, BASE-VALUE);  

  }  

  

  ReturnType method-name-acc(Traversal<T> tr, ReturnType acc)  

  ... tr.isEmpty() ...                                -- boolean    ::PREDICATE  

  if true:  

  ... acc                                         -- ReturnType    ::BASE-VALUE  

  if false:  

    +-----+  

    ... | tr.getFirst() | ...                      -- T          ::CURRENT  

    +-----+  

  

  ... update(T, ReturnType)                         -- ReturnType    ::UPDATE  

  +-----+  

  i.e.: ... | update(tr.getFirst(), acc) | ...  

  +-----+  

  +-----+  

  ... | tr.getRest() |                            -- Traversal<T>  ::ADVANCE  

  +-----+  

  

  ... method-name(tr.getRest(), ReturnType)      -- ReturnType  

  i.e.: ... method-name-acc(tr.getRest(), update(tr.getFirst(), acc))  

/-----  

  

  COMPLETE METHOD TEMPLATE:  

-----  

<T> ReturnType method-name(Traversal<T> tr){  

  +---base-value---+  

  // invoke the methodAcc: | acc <- BASE-VALUE |  

  +-----+  

  method-name-acc(Traversal<T> tr, BASE-VALUE);  

}  

  

<T> ReturnType method-name(Traversal<T> tr, ReturnType acc){  

  +---predicate---+  

  if (| tr.isEmpty() |)  

  +-----+  

  return acc;  

  else  

    +---advance---+ +---update-using-current---+  

    return method-name-acc(| tr.getRest() |, | update(tr.getFirst(), acc) |);  

  +-----+ +-----+  

}  

  

<T> return-type update(T t, return-type acc){  

  ...  

}

```

```

-----
orMap:
boolean orMap(Traversal tr, ISelect choice){
    return orMapAcc(tr, false, ISelect choice);
}

Method Header: boolean orMapAcc(Traversal tr, boolean acc, ISelect choice)
BASE-VALUE:   false
UPDATE:       boolean update(T t, boolean acc, ISelect choice){
                return (choice.select(t)) || acc;
            }
-----*/

```

/\*\* RECURSIVE VERSION  
 \* Determine if any data item generated by the given traversal  
 \* satisfies the given ISelect predicate.  
 \*/
public <T> boolean orMap(Traversal<T> tr,  
 ISelect<T> choice){

```

    return orMapAcc(tr, false, choice);
}
```

/\*\* RECURSIVE VERSION --- accumulator based helper.  
 \* Determine if any data item generated by the given traversal  
 \* satisfies the given ISelect predicate.  
 \*/
public <T> boolean orMapAcc(Traversal<T> tr,
 boolean acc,
 ISelect<T> choice){
 if (tr.isEmpty())
 return acc;
 else
 return orMapAcc(tr.getRest(),
 updateOrMap(tr.getFirst(), acc, choice),
 choice);
}

/\*\* A helper to produce the updated value of the accumulator  
 \* @param <T> the type of data in this data set  
 \* @param t the instance of the data to be used in the update  
 \* @param acc the current value of the accumulator  
 \* @param choice the given ISelect predicate.  
 \* @return the updated value of the accumulator.  
 \*/
protected <T> boolean updateOrMap(T t,
 boolean acc,
 ISelect<T> choice){
 return (choice.select(t)) || acc;
}

```

-----*
countSuch:
int countSuch2(Traversal<T> tr, ISelect<T> choice){
    return countSuchAcc(tr, 0, choice);
}

Method Header: int countSuchAcc(Traversal tr, int acc, ISelect choice)
BASE-VALUE: 0
UPDATE: int update(T t, int acc, ISelect choice){
    if (choice.select(t))
        return acc + 1;
    else
        return acc;
}
-----*/

/** RECURSIVE VERSION
 * Count how many data elements generated by the given traversal
 * satisfy the given ISelect predicate.
 */
public <T> int countSuch2(Traversal<T> tr, ISelect<T> choice){
    return countSuchAcc(tr, 0, choice);
}

/** RECURSIVE VERSION --- accumulator based helper.
 * Count how many data elements generated by the given traversal
 * satisfy the given ISelect predicate.
 */
public <T> int countSuchAcc(Traversal<T> tr,
                           int acc,
                           ISelect<T> choice){
    if (tr.isEmpty())
        return acc;
    else
        return countSuchAcc(tr.getRest(),
                            updateCountSuch(tr.getFirst(), acc, choice),
                            choice);
}

/** A helper to produce the updated value of the accumulator
 * @param <T> the type of data in this data set
 * @param t the instance of the data set to be used in the update
 * @param acc the current value of the accumulator
 * @param choice the given ISelect predicate.
 * @return the updated value of the accumulator.
 */
protected <T> int updateCountSuch(T t,
                                   int acc,
                                   ISelect<T> choice){
    if (choice.select(t))
        return acc + 1;
    else
        return acc;
}

```

```

*****  

TEMPLATE-ANALYSIS:  

return-type method-name(Traversal tr){  

    return-type acc = BASE-VALUE;  

    while (CONTINUATION-PREDICATE){  

        acc = UPDATE (CURRENT, acc);  

        tr = ADVANCE;  

    }  

    return acc;  

}  

COMPLETE METHOD TEMPLATE:  

-----  

<T> return-type method-name(Traversal<T> tr){  

+-----+  

| return-type acc = BASE-VALUE |;  

+-----+  

+-----+  

| while (| !tr.isEmpty() |)  

+-----+  

{  

+-----+  

| acc = | update(tr.getFirst(), acc) |;  

+-----+  

+-----+  

| tr = | tr.getRest() |;  

+-----+  

}  

return acc;  

}  

<T> return-type update(T t, return-type acc){  

...  

}  

*****  

  

/** VERSION THAT USES THE while LOOP.  

 * Count how many data elements generated by the given traversal  

 * satisfy the given ISelect predicate.  

 */  

// orMap with while loop and iterator  

public <T> boolean orMapWhile(Traversal<T> tr,  

                                ISelect<T> choice){  

  

// preamble: Define accumulator, initialize it to the BASE-VALUE  

boolean acc = false;  

  

// loop header: while(continuation-predicate)  

while(!tr.isEmpty()){  

  

    // loop body: update  

    acc = updateOrMap(tr.getFirst(), acc, choice);  

  

    // loop advance:  

    tr = tr.getRest();  

}  

  

// postmortem: produce the result  

return acc;
}

```

```

/*
***** TEMPLATE-ANALYSIS *****
return-type method-name(Traversal tr){
    return-type acc = BASE-VALUE;
    for (return-type acc = BASE-VALUE; *** DO NOT INCLUDE - DONE ALREADY ***
        CONTINUATION-PREDICATE;
        tr = ADVANCE){
        acc = UPDATE (CURRENT, acc);
    }
    return acc;
}

COMPLETE METHOD TEMPLATE:
-----
<T> return-type method-name(Traversal<T> tr){
+-----+
| return-type acc = BASE-VALUE |;
+-----+

for (... no initialization is needed ...;
+-----+
| !tr.isEmpty() |;
+-----+
+-----+
tr = | tr.getRest() |)
+-----+
{
+-----+
acc = | update(tr.getFirst(), acc) |;
+-----+
}
return acc;
}

<T> return-type update(T t, return-type acc){
...
}

*****
/** IMPERATIVE VERSION THAT USES for LOOP WITH THE Traversal.
 * Count how many data elements generated by the given traversal
 * satisfy the given ISelect predicate.
 */
// orMap with for loop and iterator
public <T> boolean orMapFor(Traversal<T> tr, ISelect<T> choice){

    // Define the accumulator and initialize it to the BASE-VALUE;
    boolean acc = false;
    // loop header:
    // for(... accumulator is already defined and initialized ... ;
    //     continuation-predicate;
    //     update)
    for(; !tr.isEmpty();
        tr = tr.getRest()){

        // loop body: uses current element
        acc = updateOrMap(tr.getFirst(), acc, choice);
    }

    // postmortem: produce the result
    return acc;
}

```

```

*****  

TEMPLETE-ANALYSIS:  

return-type method-name(ArrayList<T> alist){  

    int index; // to represent the traversal  

    return-type acc = BASE-VALUE;  

    for (index = 0; // start the traversal at the beginning  

         CONTINUATION-PREDICATE;  

         index = ADVANCE){  

        acc = UPDATE (CURRENT, acc);  

    }  

    return acc;  

}  

  

COMPLETE METHOD TEMPLATE:  

-----  

<T> return-type method-name(ArrayList<T> alist){  

+-----+  

| return-type acc = BASE-VALUE |;  

+-----+  

  

for (index = 0;  

+-----+  

| index < alist.size() |;  

+-----+  

| index = | index + 1 |)  

+-----+  

{  

    +-----+  

    acc = | update(alist.get(index), acc) |;  

    +-----+  

}  

    return acc;  

}  

  

<T> return-type update(T t, return-type acc){  

...  

}  

  

/** IMPERATIVE VERSION THAT USES for LOOP WITH index based traversal.■  

 * Count how many data elements in thre given ArrayList  

 * satisfy the given ISelect predicate.  

 */  

public <T> boolean orMapForCounted(ArrayList<T> alist,  

                                     ISelect<T> choice){  

  

    // Define the accumulator and initialize it to the BASE-VALUE;  

    boolean acc = false;  

    // loop header:  

    // for(... accumulator is already defined and initialized ...  

    //      ...BUT initalize the loop index: int index = 0;  

    // continuation-predicate: index < alist.size()  

    // update: index = index + 1  

    for(int index = 0; index < alist.size(); index = index + 1){  

  

        // loop body: uses current element  

        acc = updateOrMap(alist.get(index), acc, choice);  

    }  

  

    // postmortem: produce the result  

    return acc;  

}

```