

# Analysis of SSL certificate reissues and revocations in the wake of Heartbleed

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Alan Mislove\*, Aaron Schulman‡, Christo Wilson\*

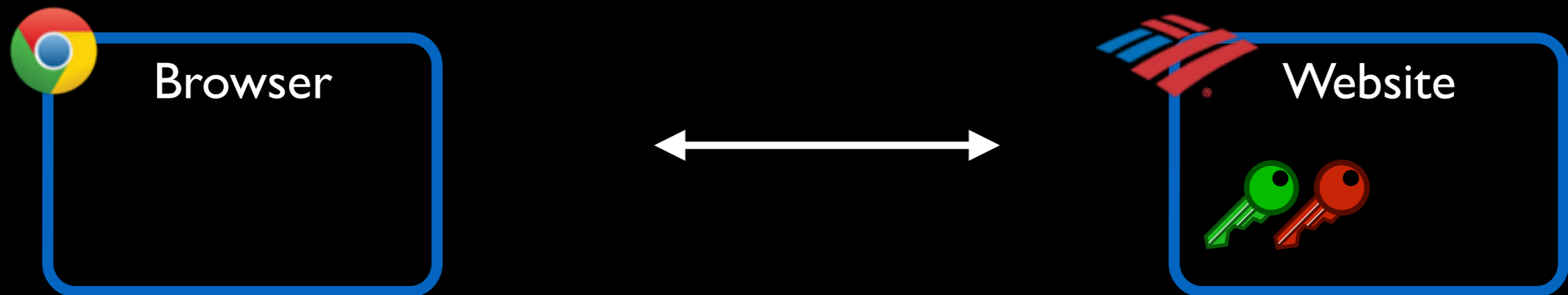
\*Northeastern University

†University of Maryland

‡Stanford University

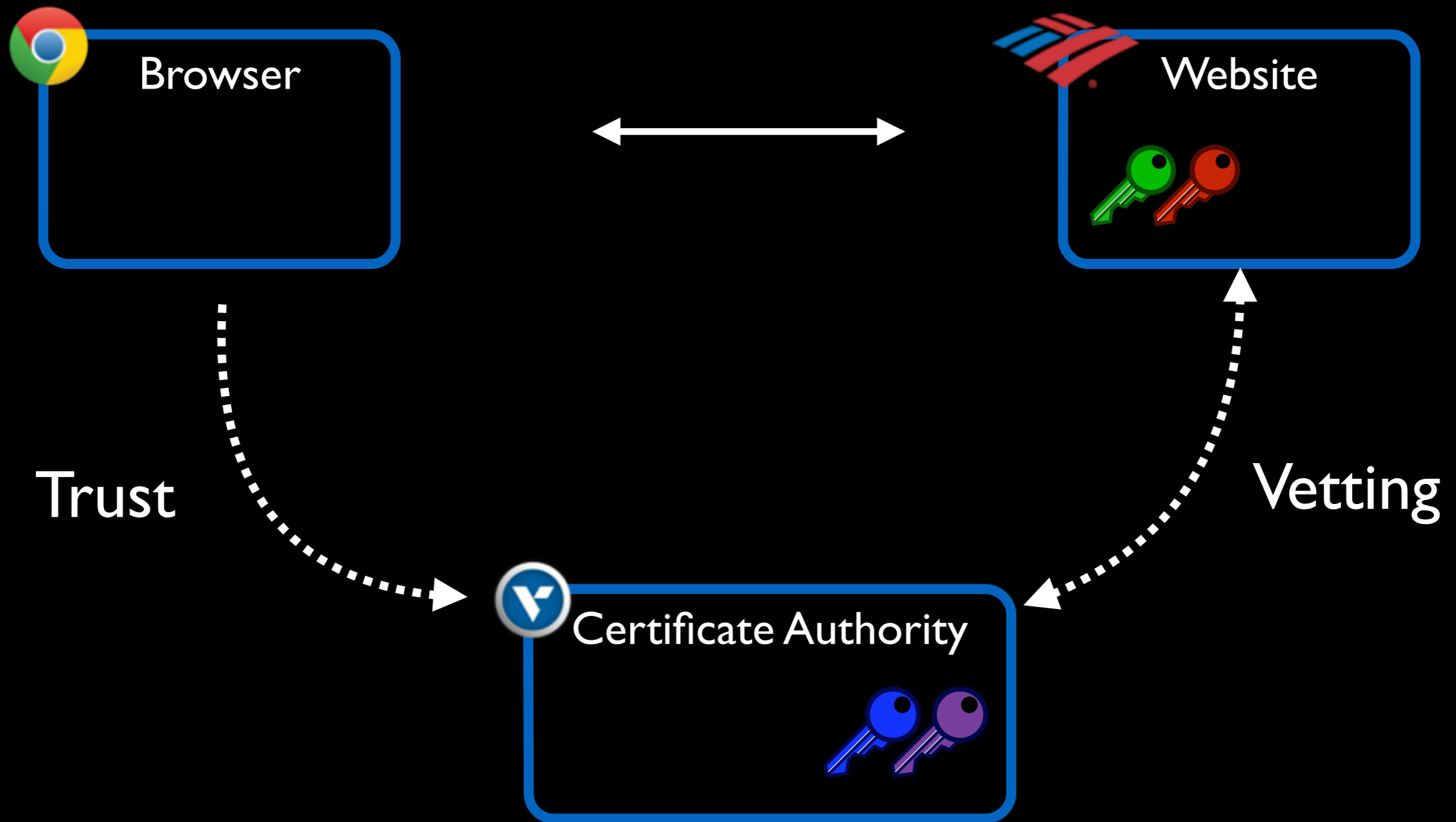
# Public Key Infrastructures (PKIs)

How can users truly know with whom they are communicating?



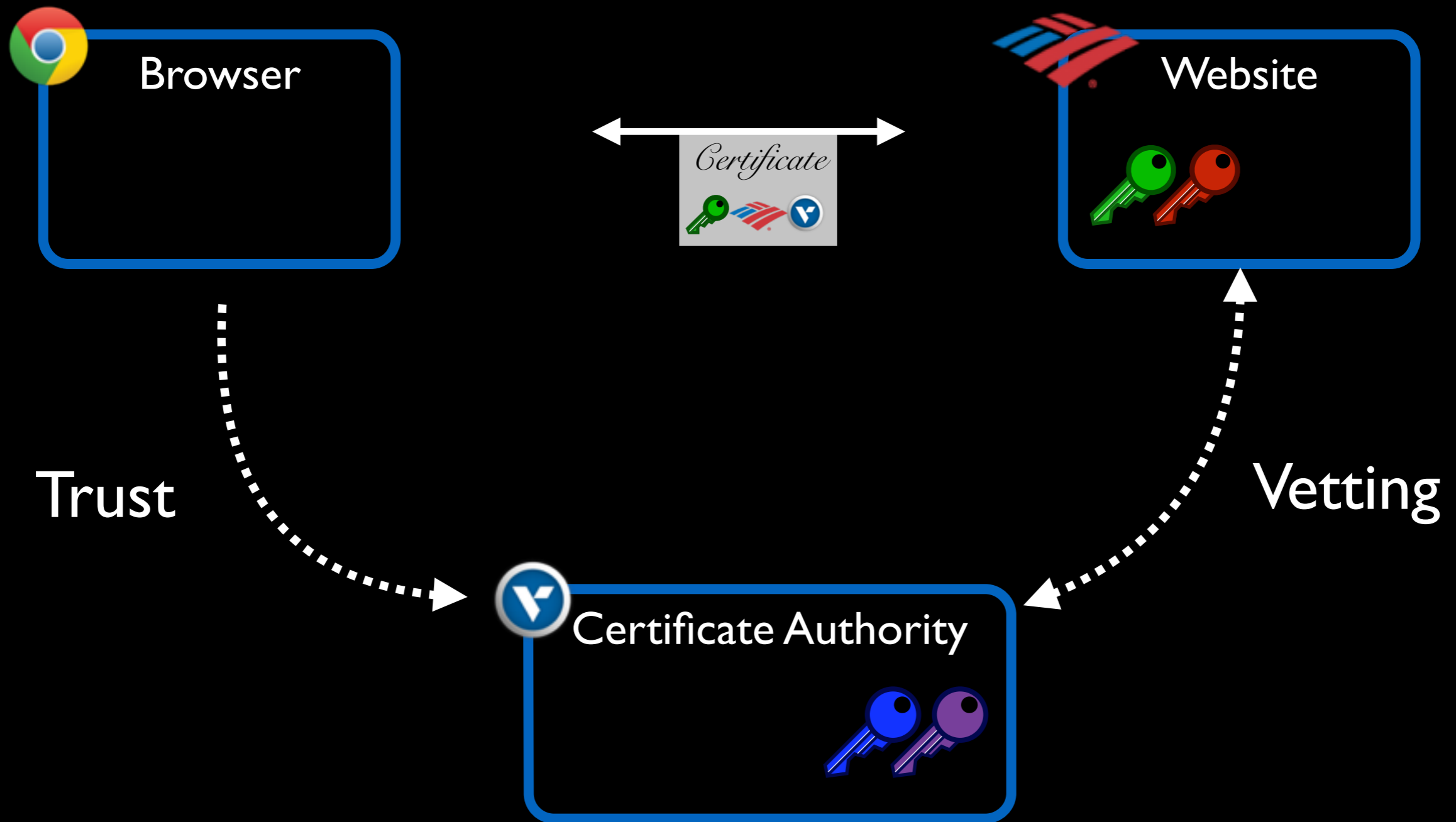
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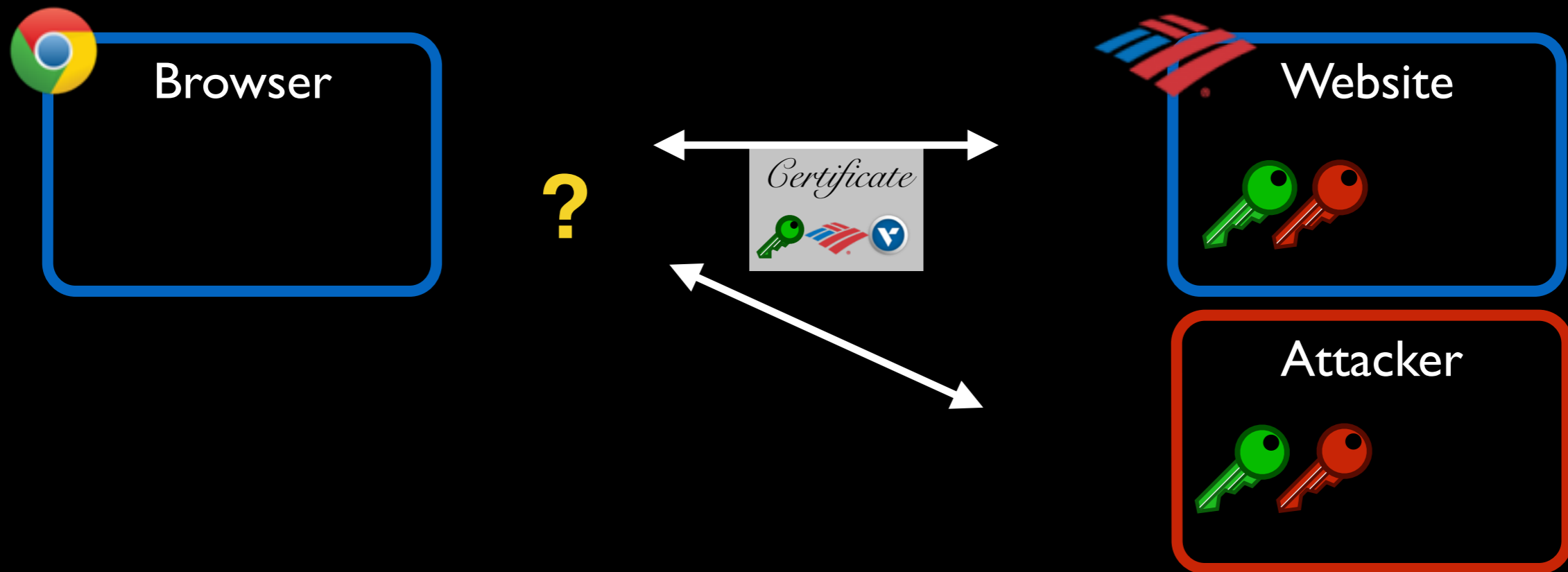


# Public Key Infrastructures (PKIs)

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# Public Key Infrastructures (PKIs)



What needs to do when a certificate is no longer valid?

**Certificate revocation**  
is a critical part of any PKI

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as quickly as possible

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Authority **publish revocations** via **CRL** as quickly as possible



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Browsers should **obtain revocations** as often as possible

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In practice:

**How quickly and thoroughly do administrators act?**



# Heartbleed

Allows attackers to extract up to  $2^{16}-1$  bytes of memory with a single heartbeat message



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April 7



Every vulnerable website should have:

- 1 Patched
- 2 Revoked
- 3 Reissued



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**Heartbleed is a natural experiment:**

For studying SSL certificate reissues and revocations

# Outline

1. ~~Motivation~~
2. Data and methodology
3. Analysis

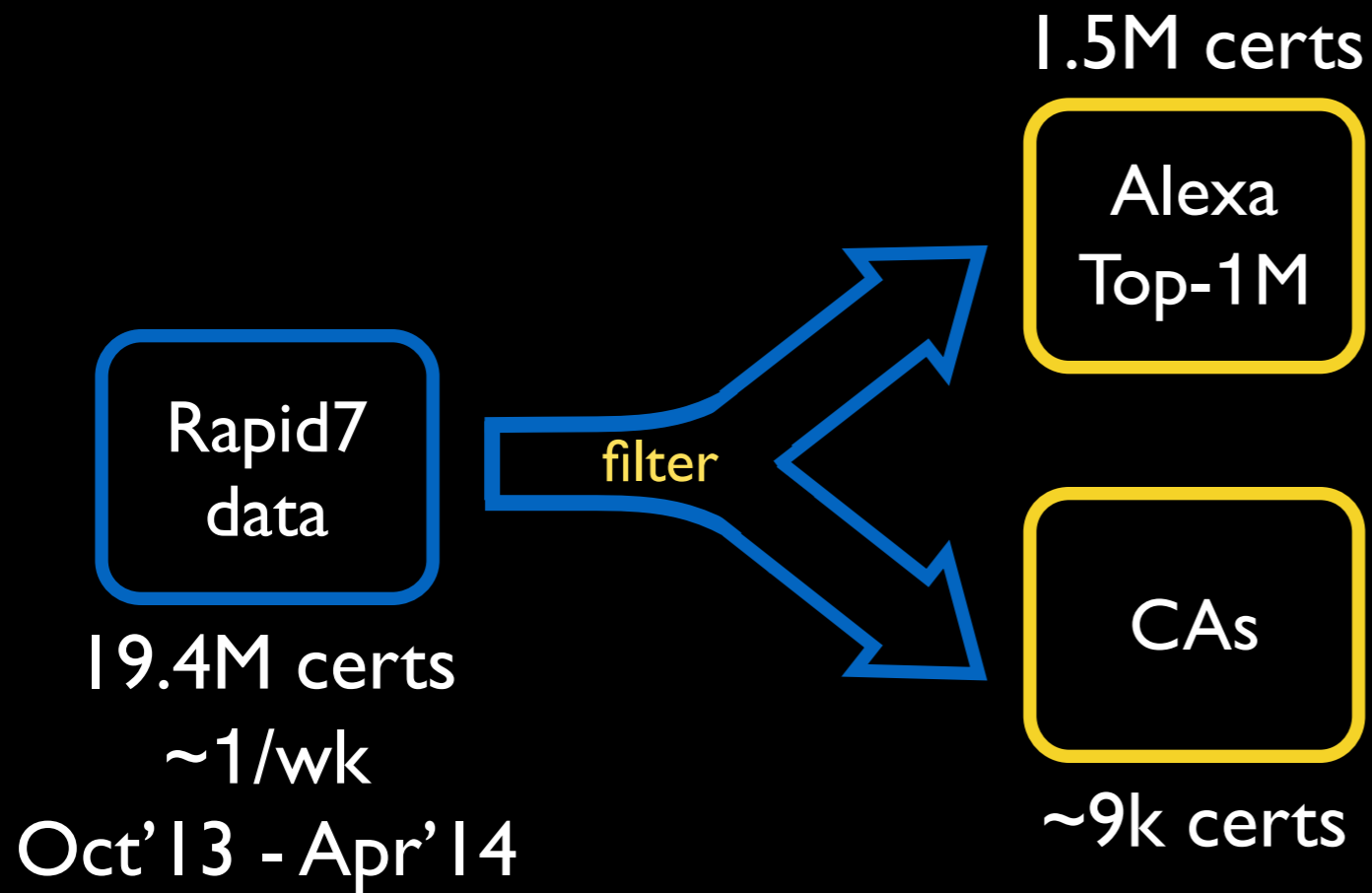
# Dataset

Rapid7  
data

19.4M certs  
~1/wk

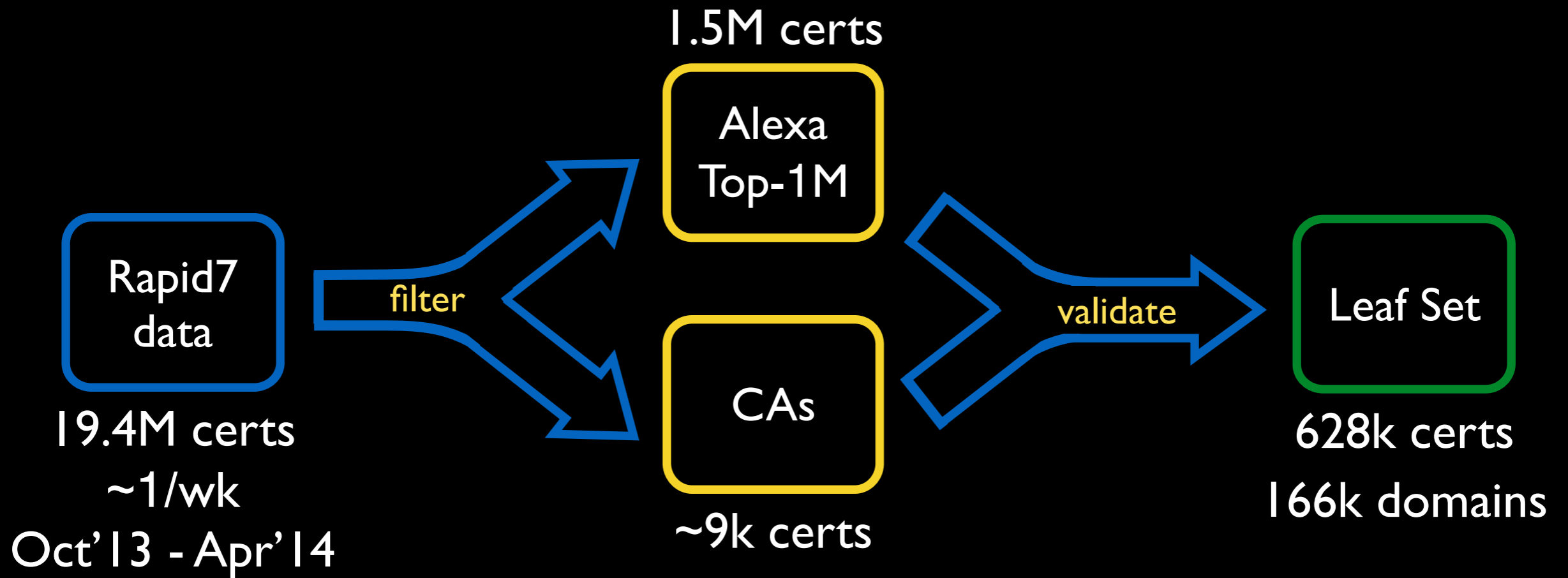
Oct'13 - Apr'14

# Dataset

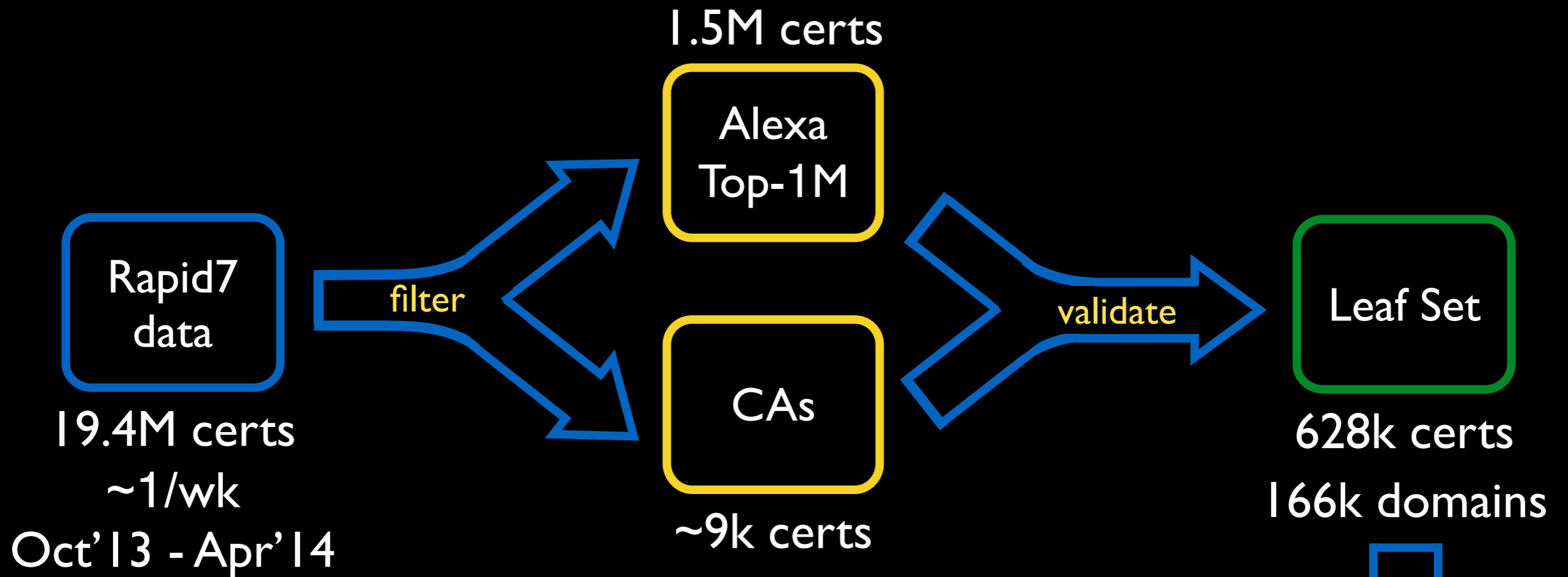




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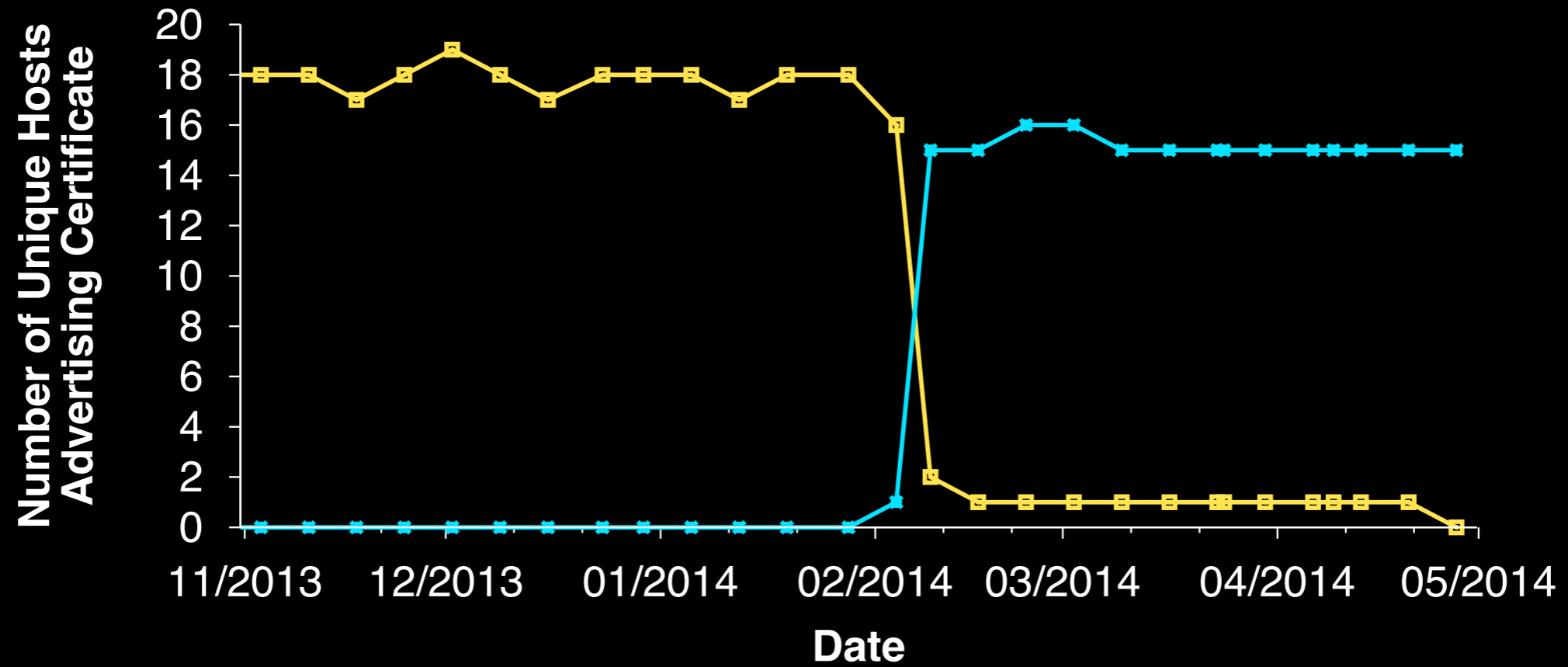
# Dataset



- Download CRLs
- Detect Heartbleed vulnerability

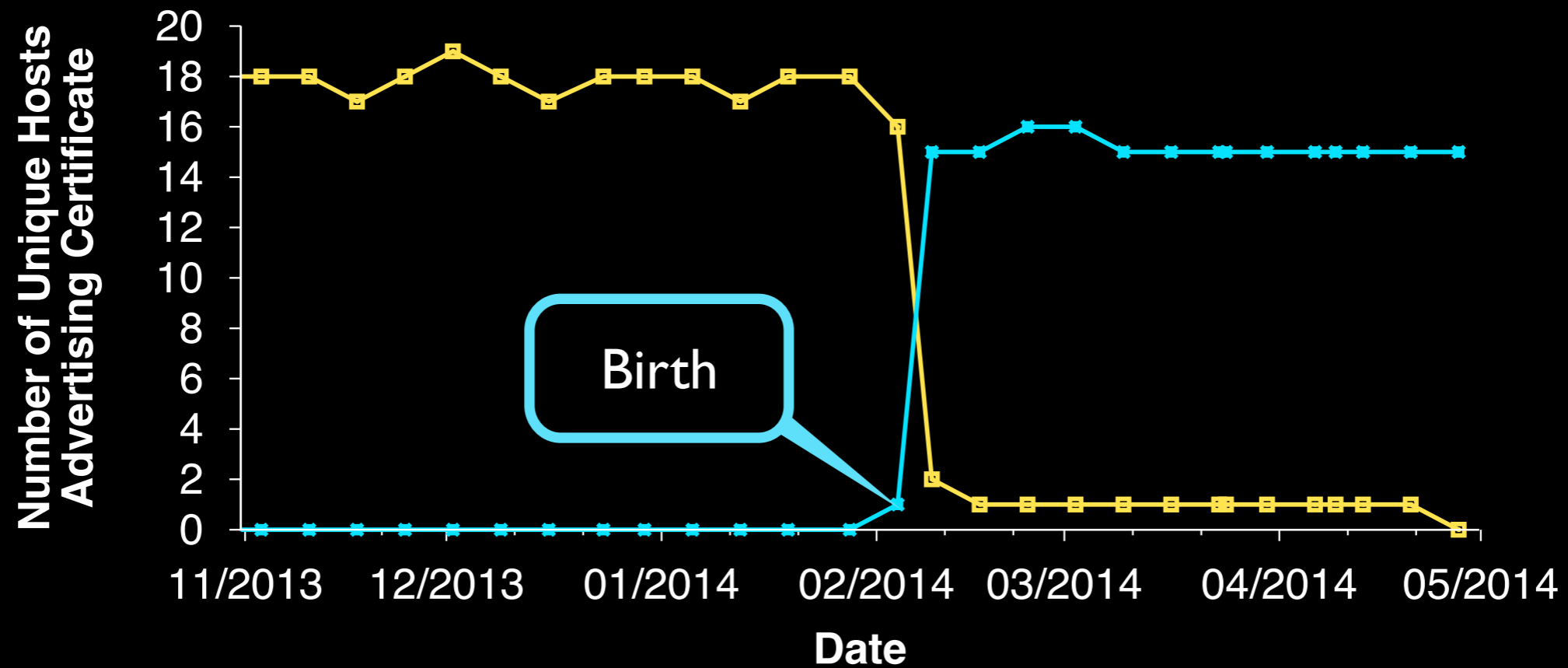
# Identifying reissues

m.scotrail.co.uk



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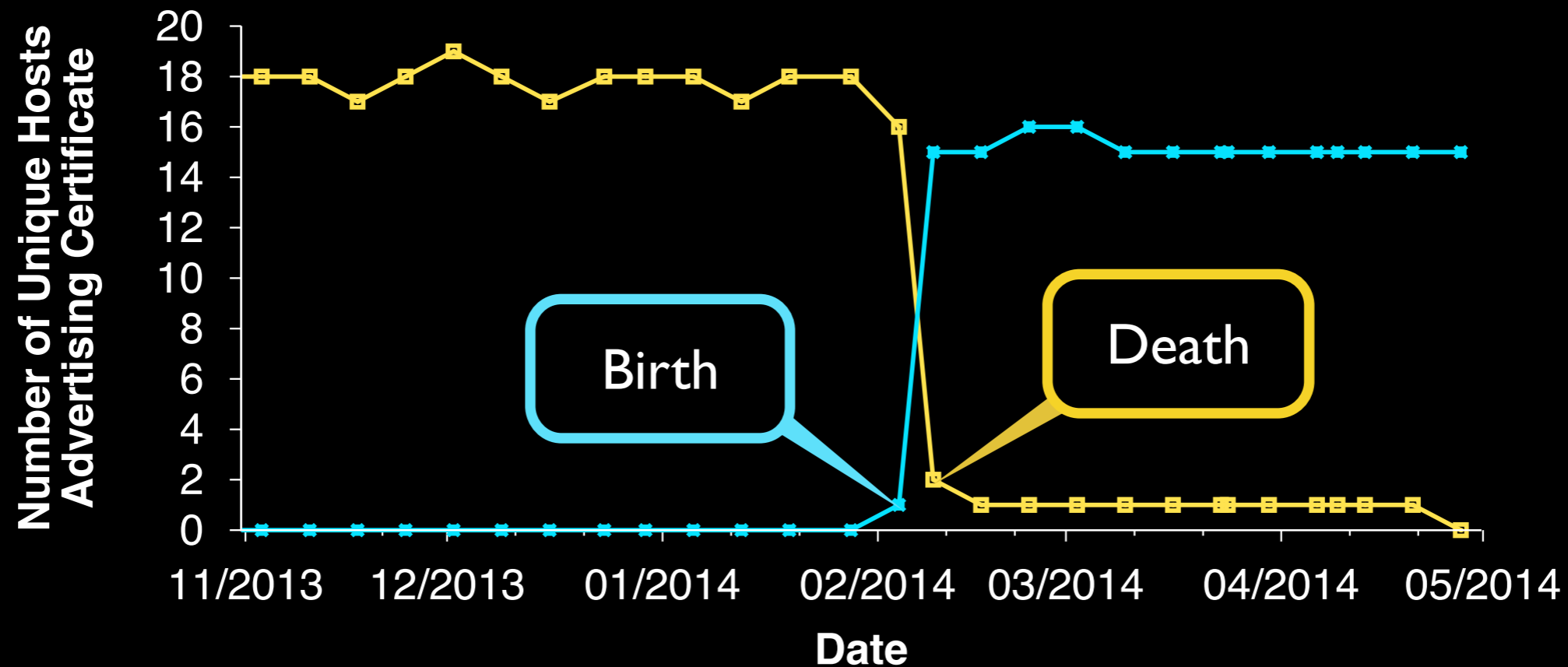


Birth

First crawl we see it announced

# Identifying reissues

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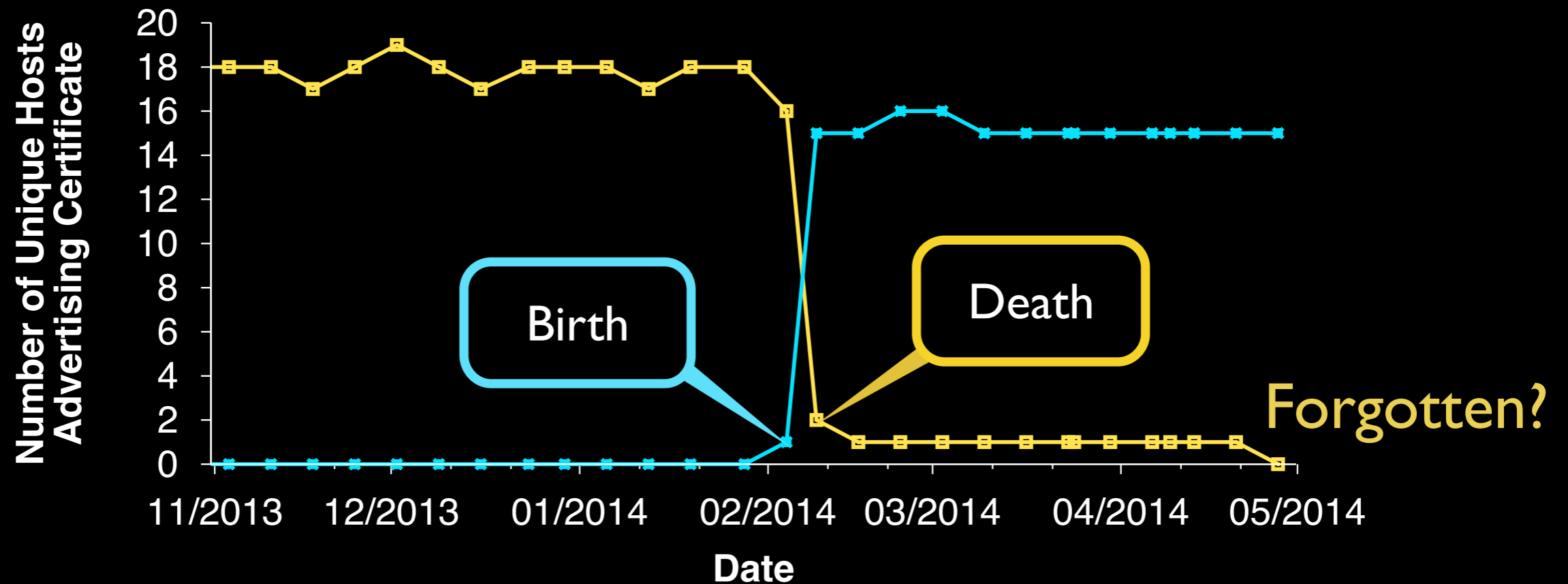


Death

First crawl with  $\leq 10\%$  still announcing it

# Identifying reissues

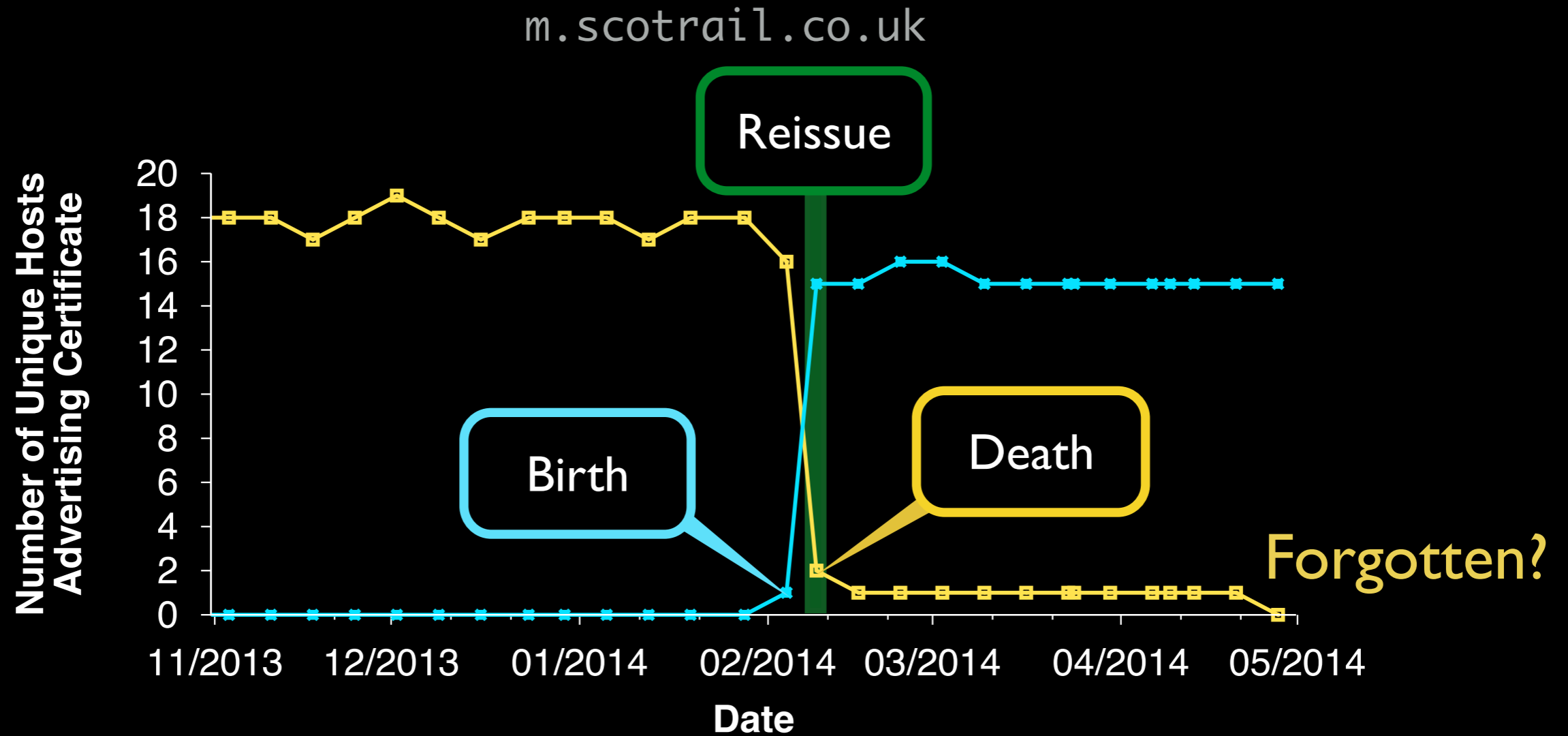
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Death

First crawl with  $\leq 10\%$  still announcing it

# Identifying reissues



Reissue

Birth + death + we see a host swap

# Attributing reissues to Heartbleed



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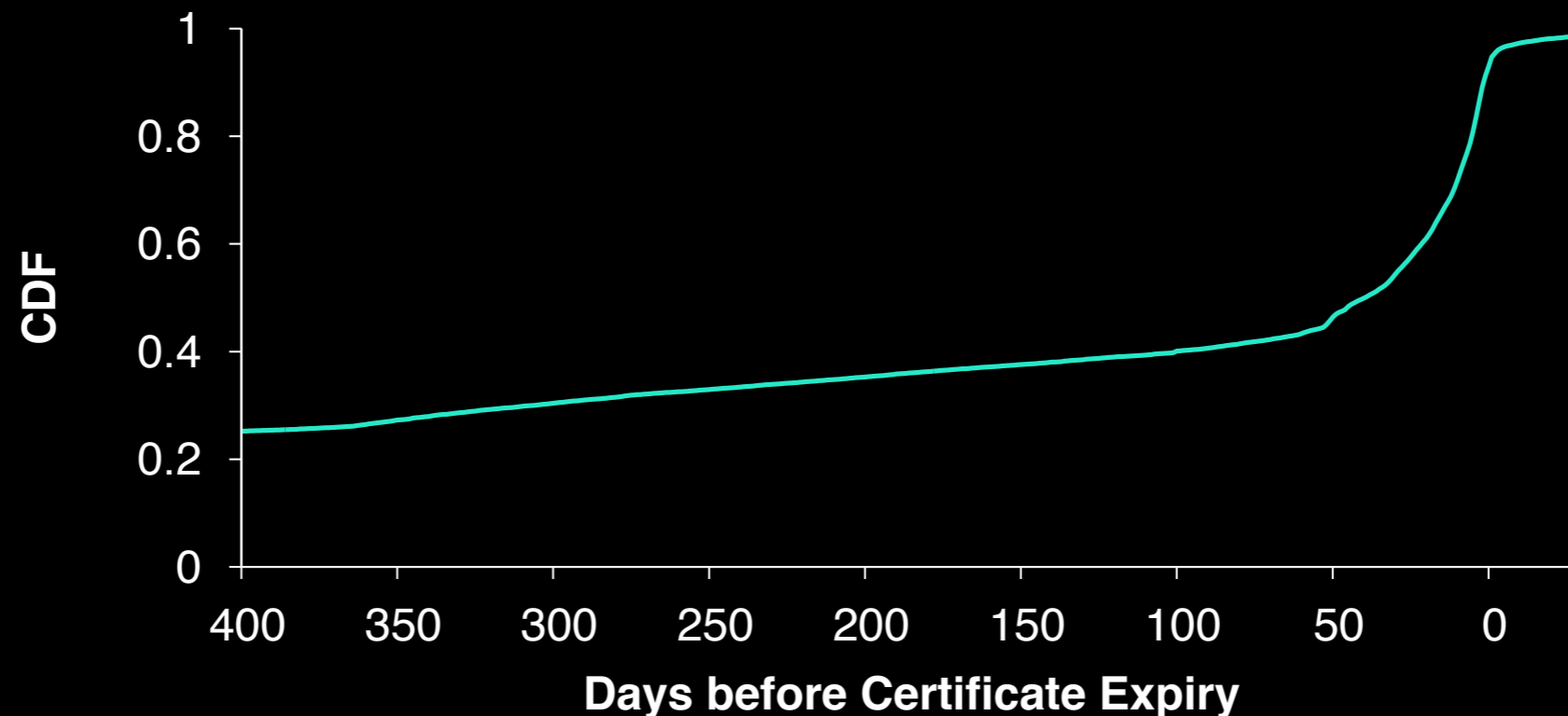
- ① Reissued on or after April 7

# Attributing reissues to Heartbleed

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- ② Expiration date >60 days away

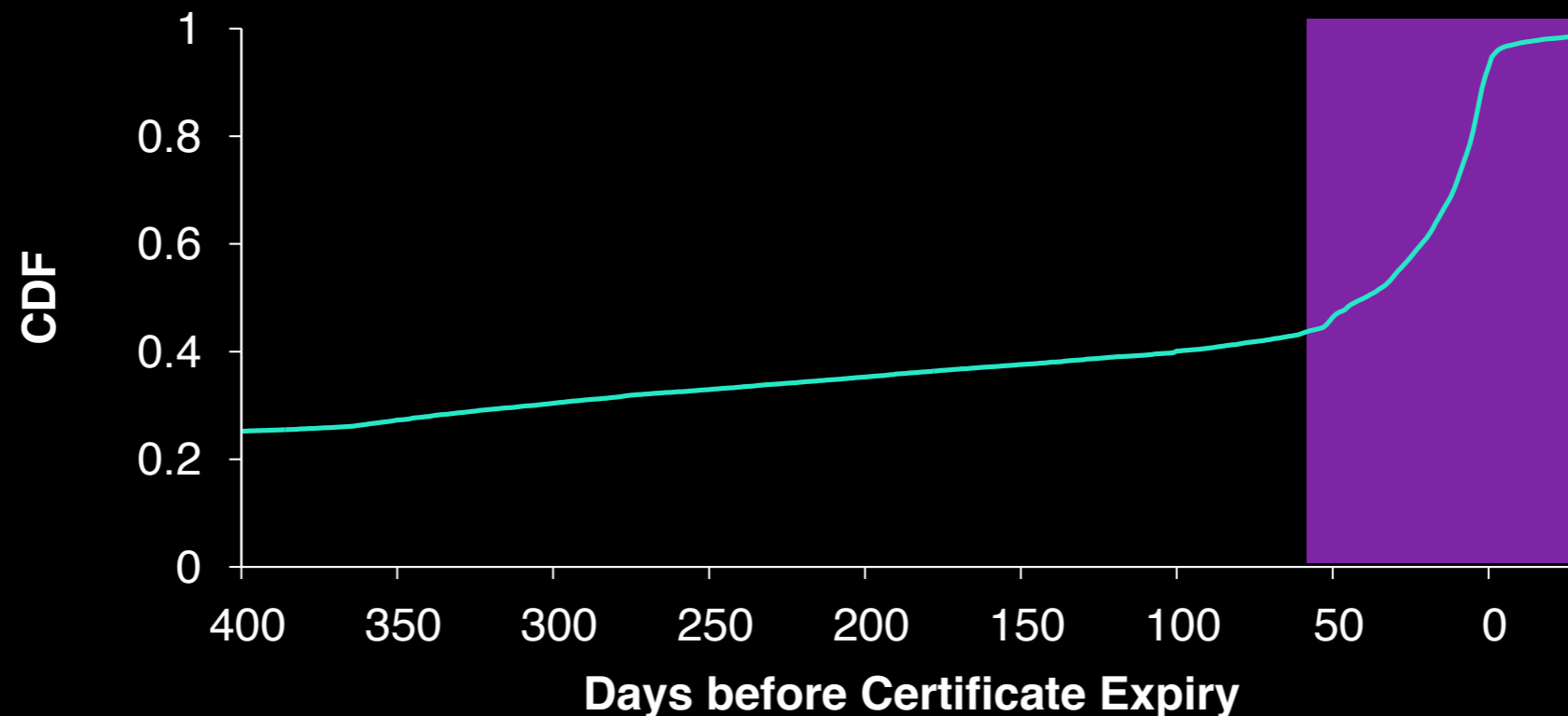
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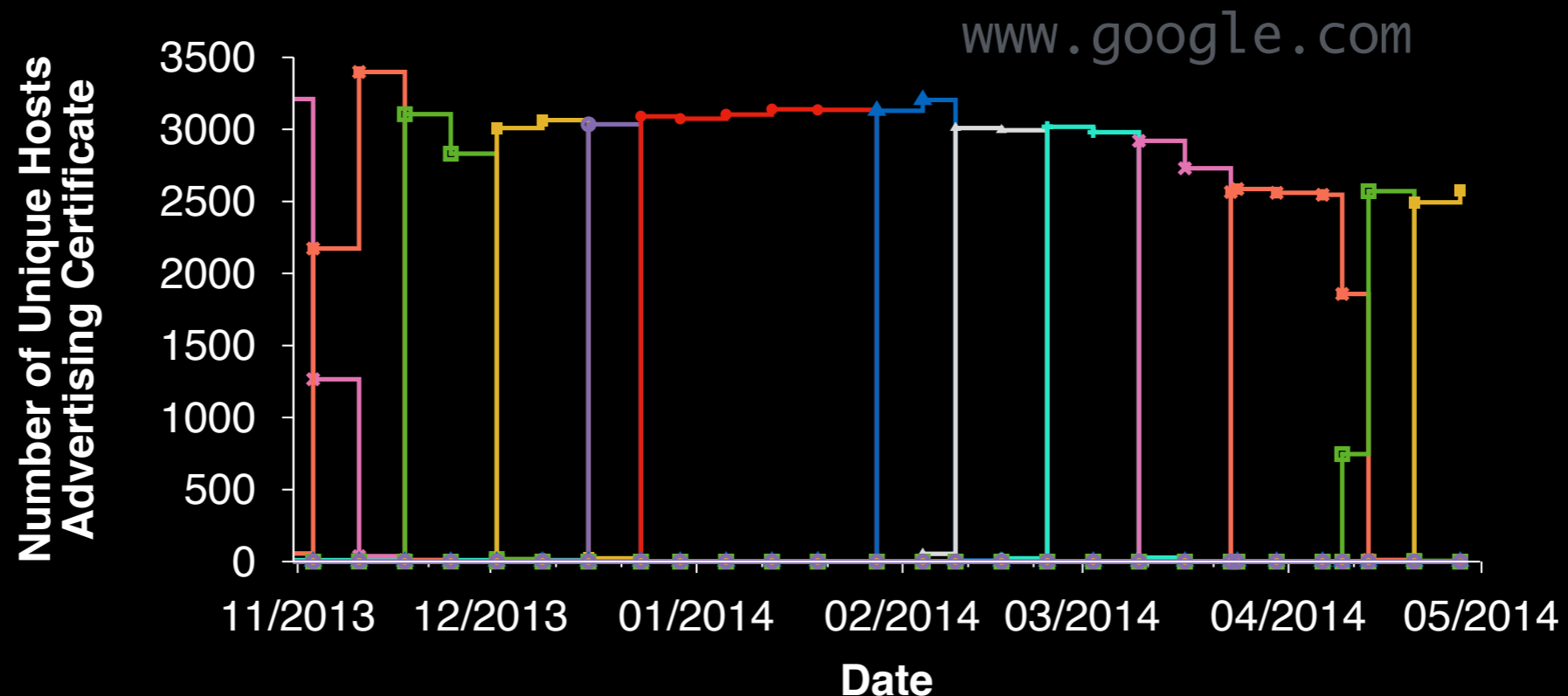


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# Outline

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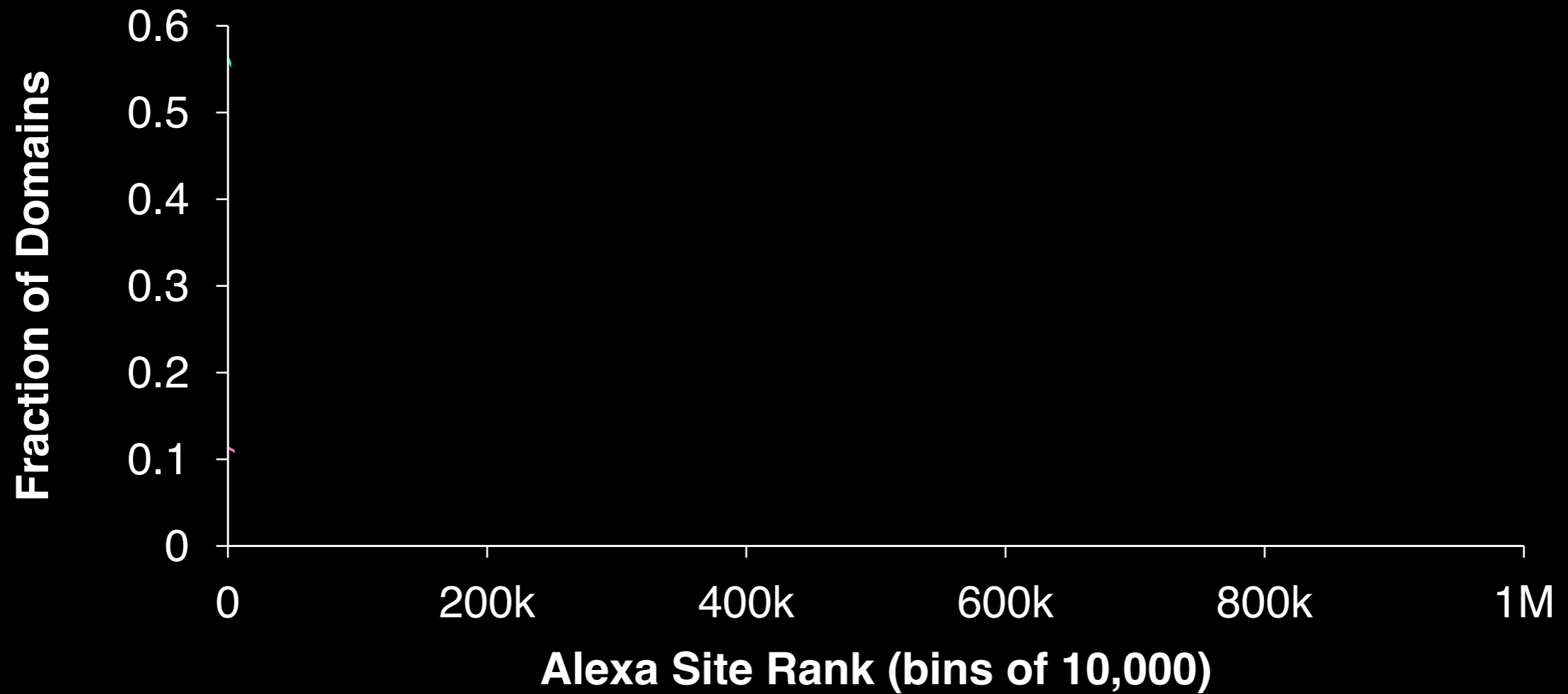
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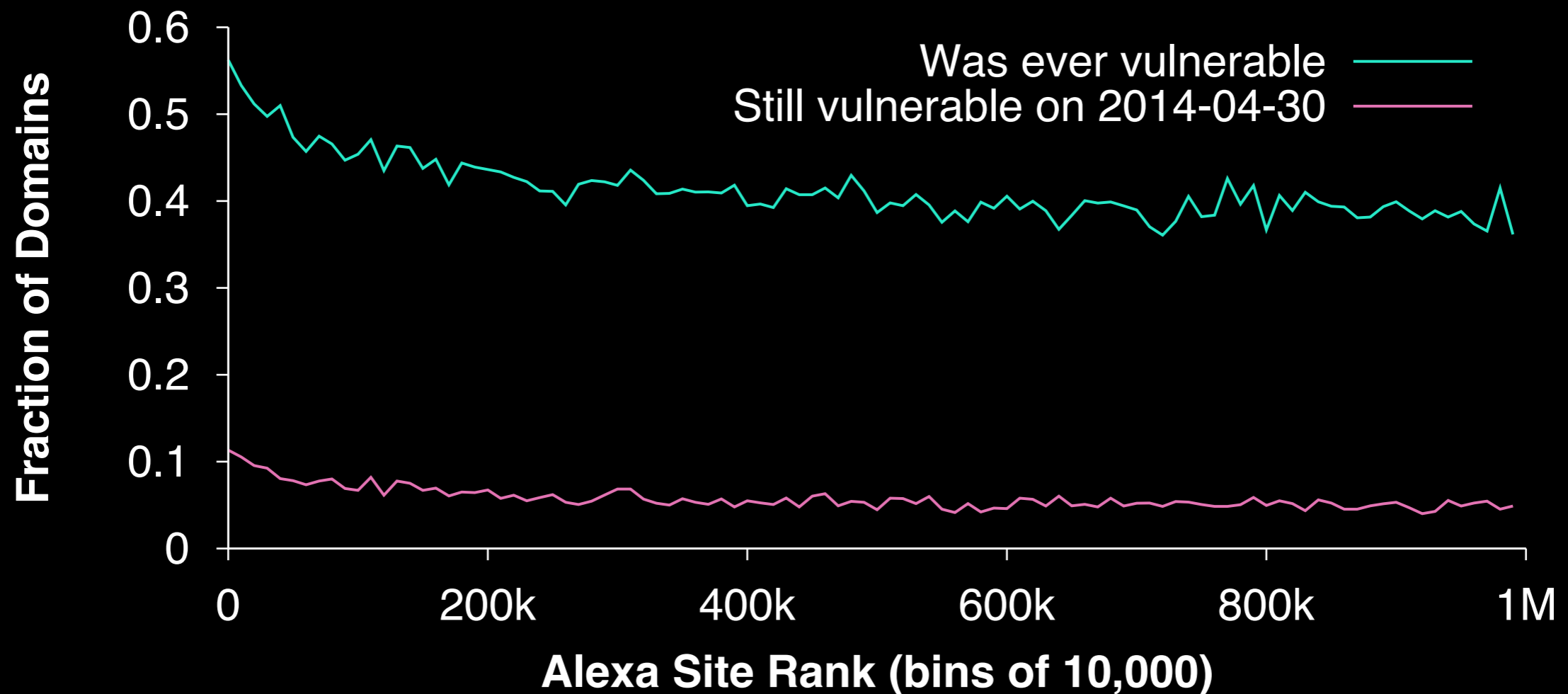
# Prevalence and patch rates



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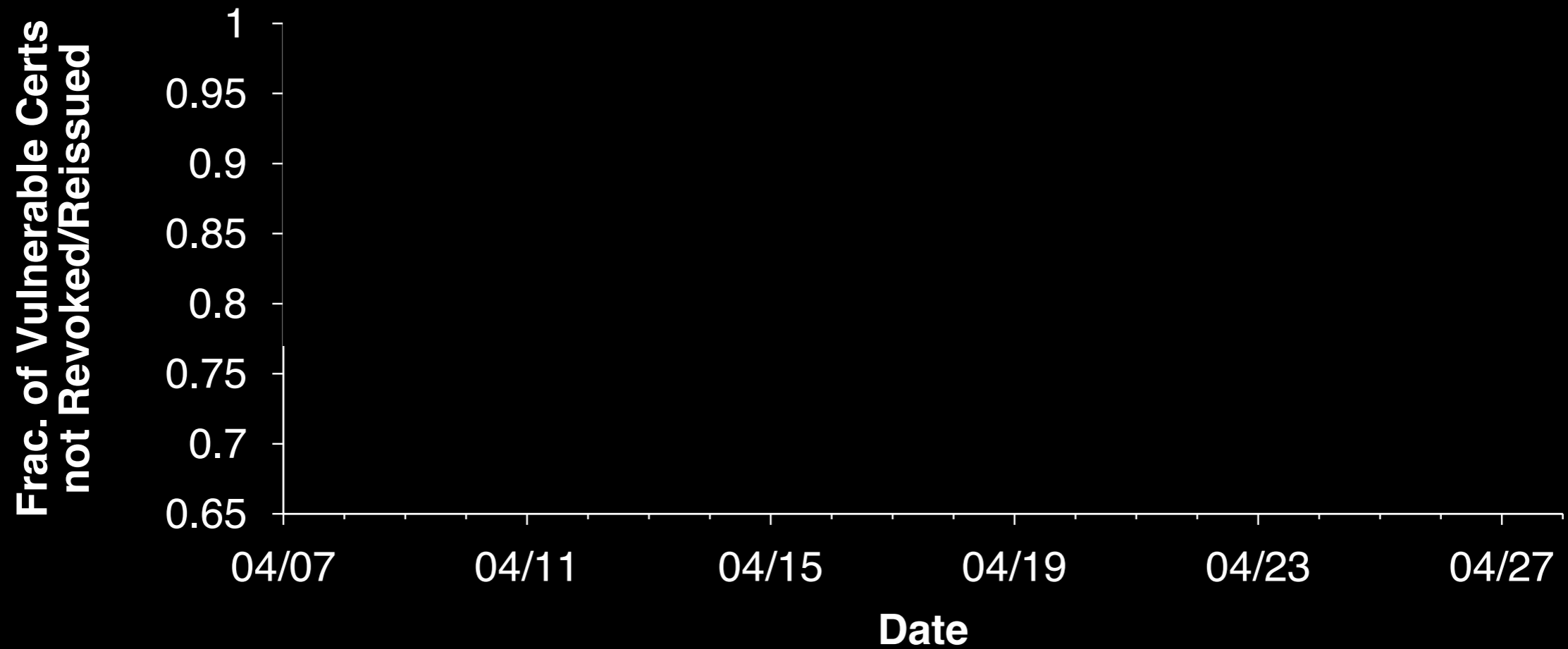


# Prevalence and patch rates

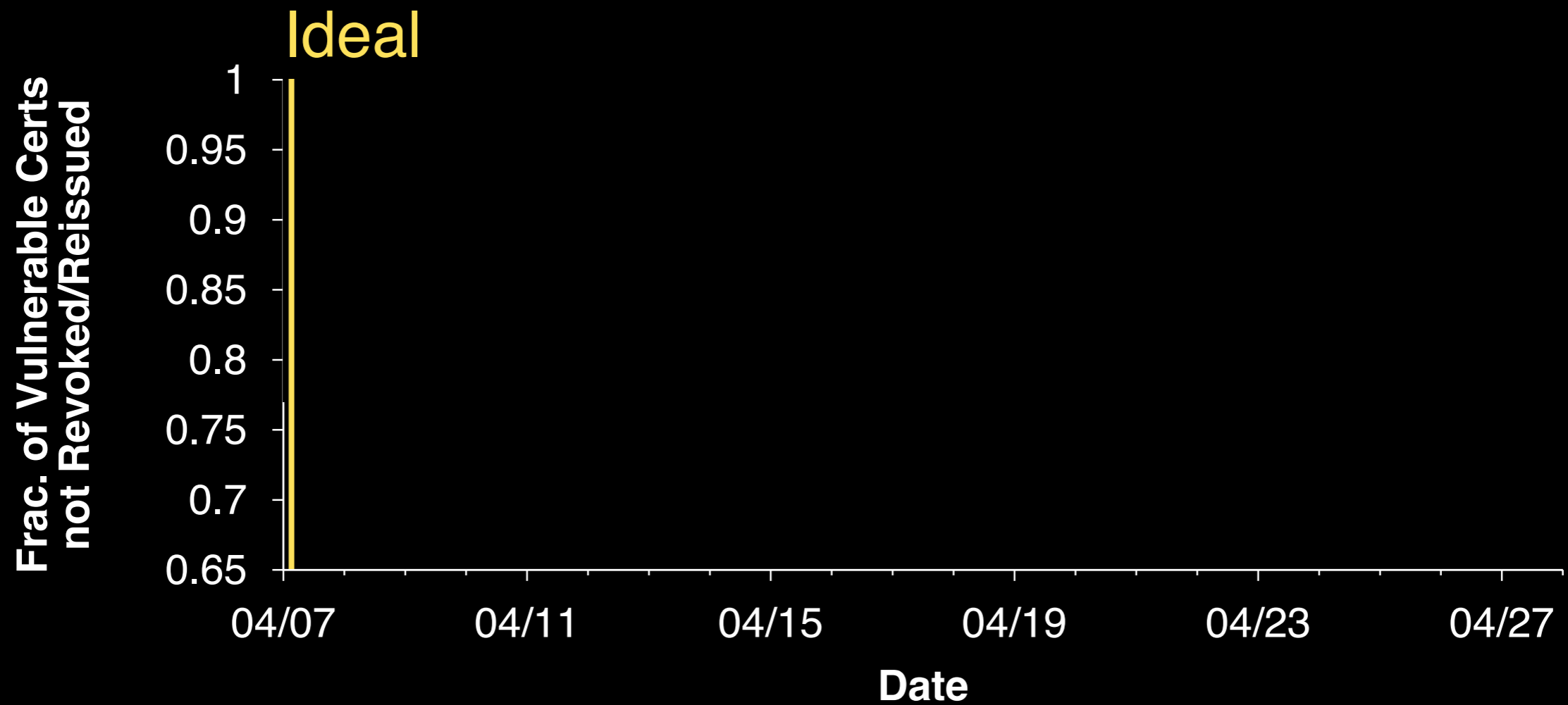


**Patching rates are mostly positive**  
~6% still vulnerable after 3 weeks

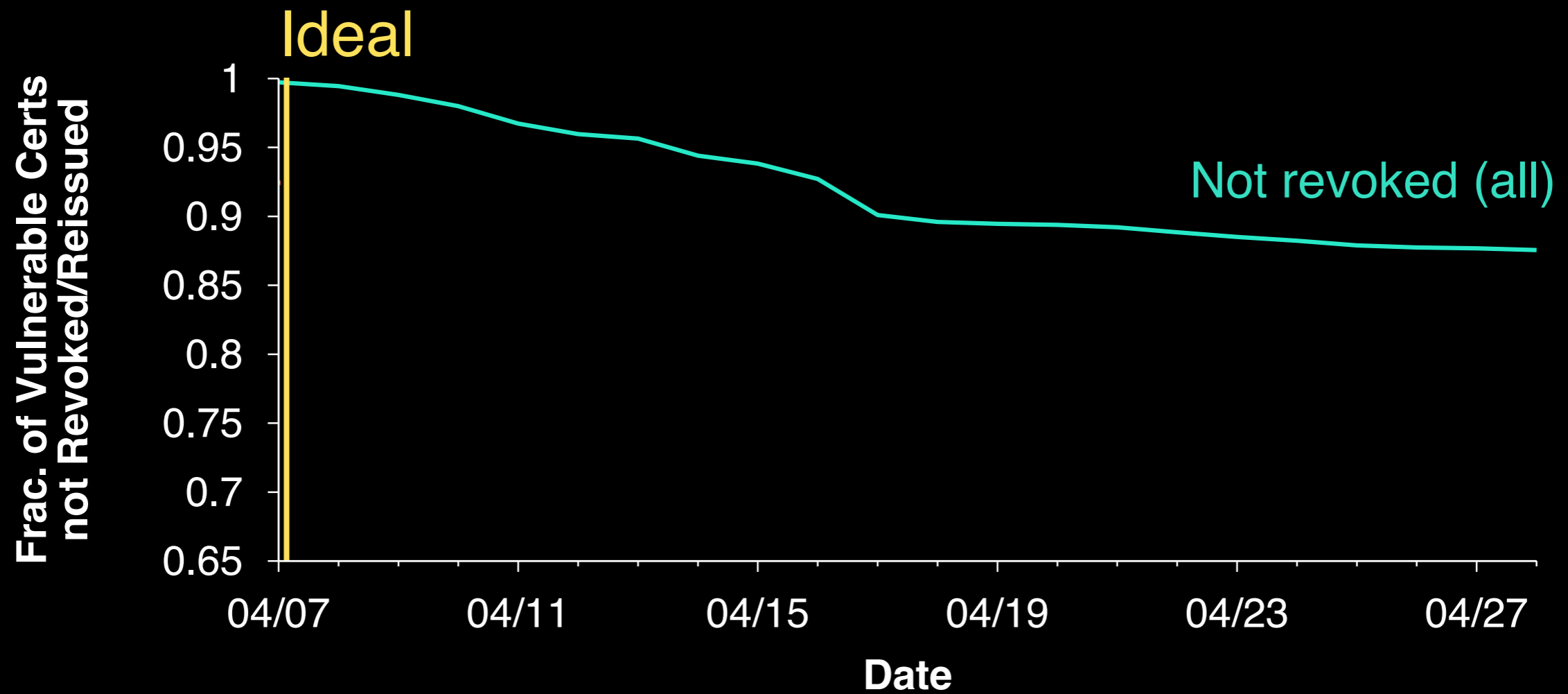
# Certificate revocation rates



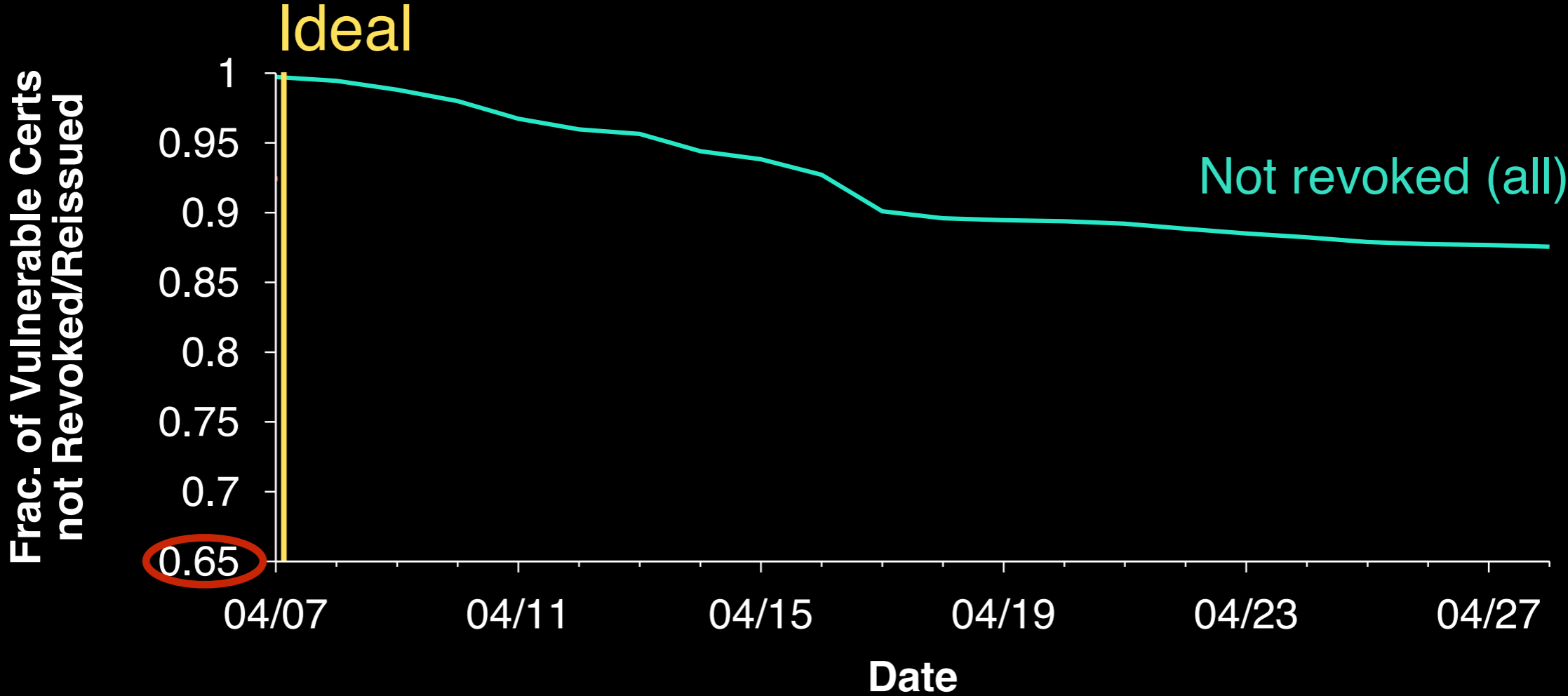
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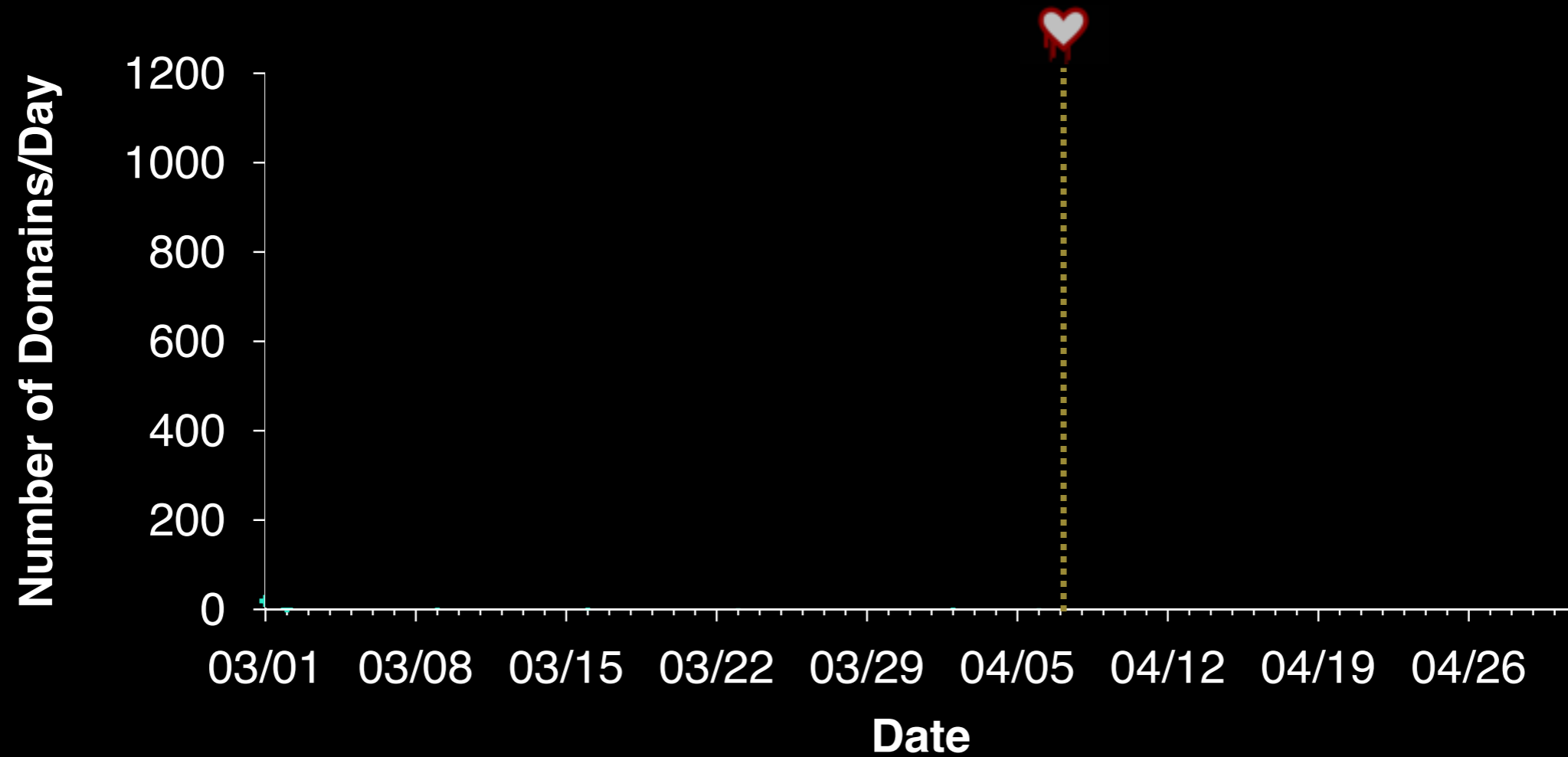
# Certificate revocation rates



Exponential drop-off, then levels out

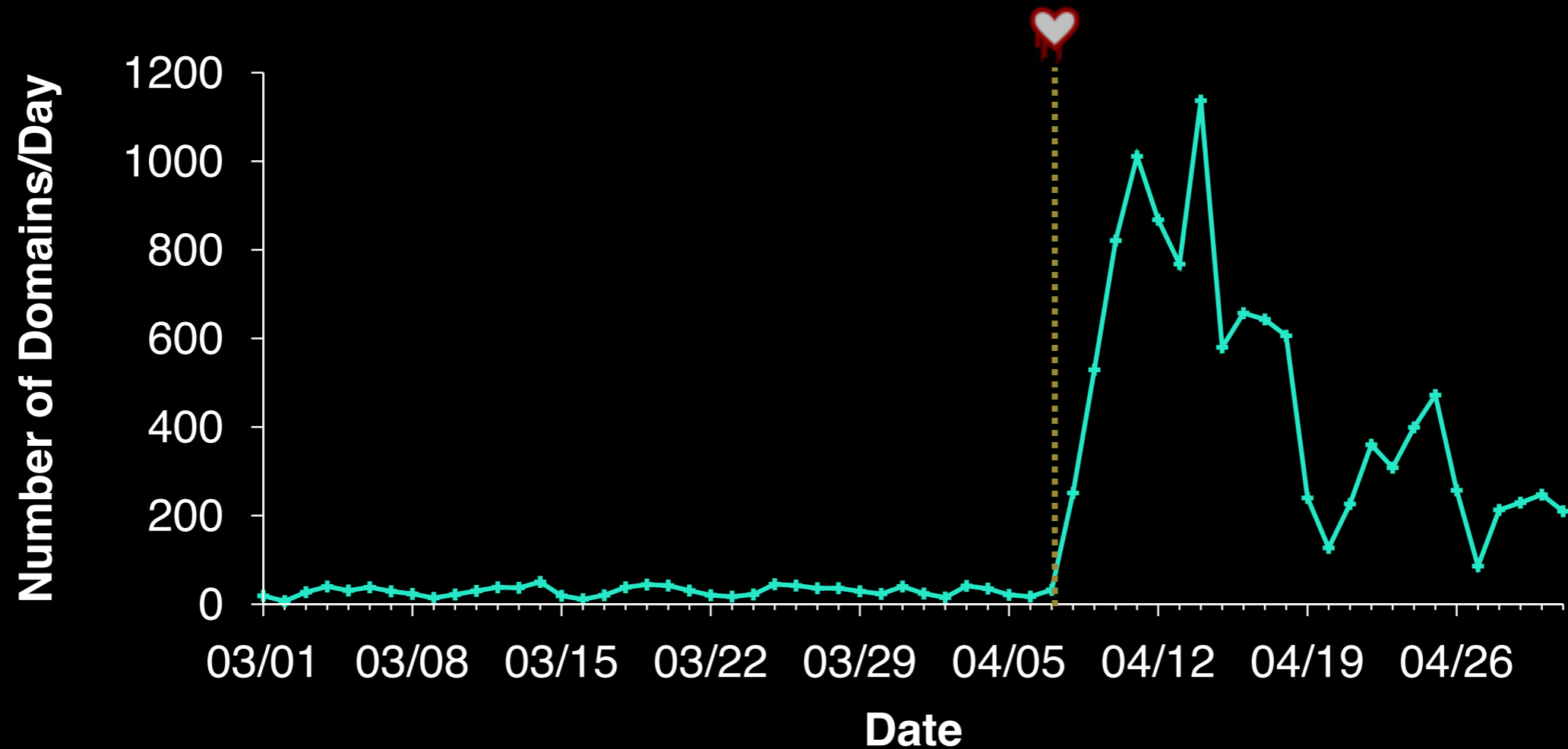
After 3 weeks: **13%** Revoked

# How quickly were certs revoked?



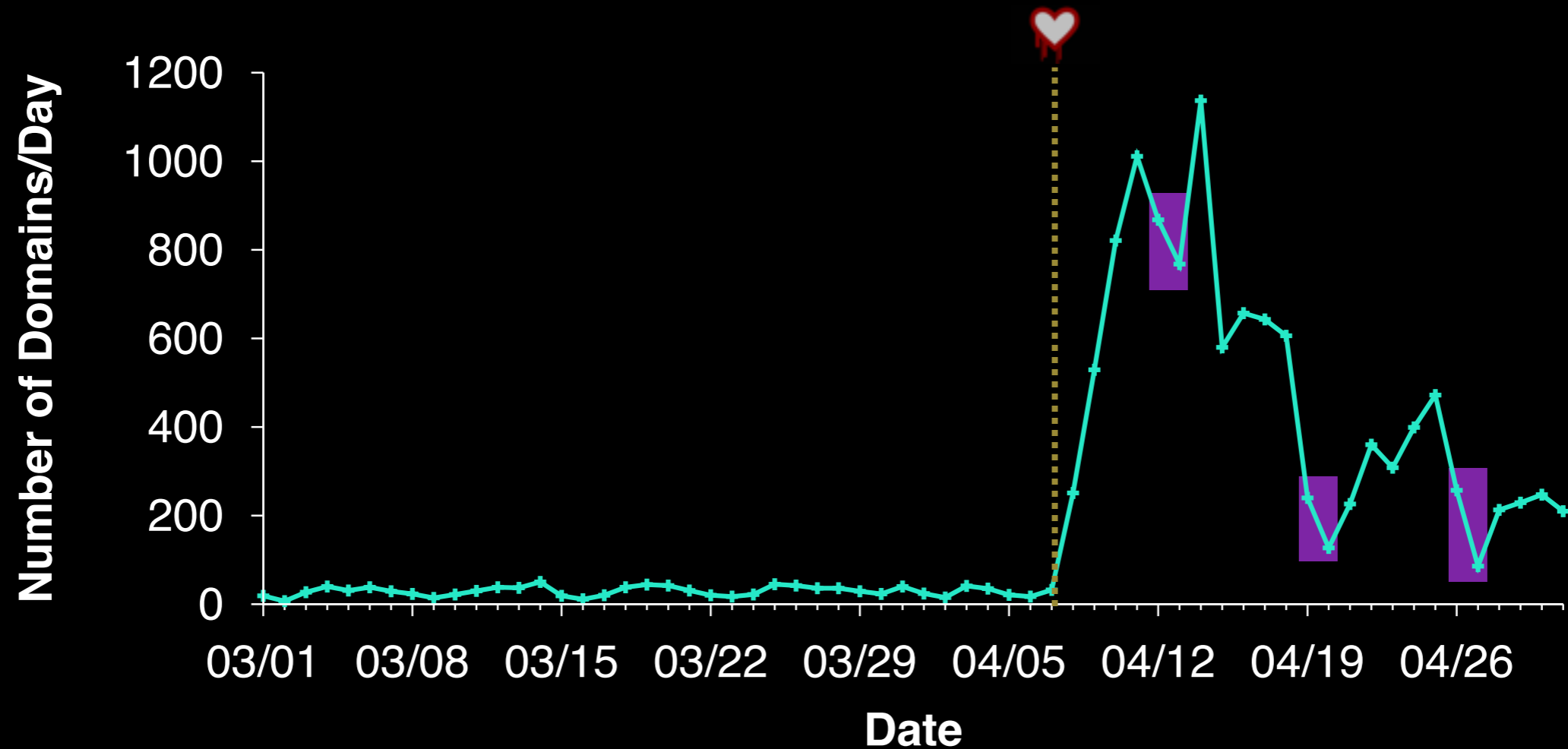


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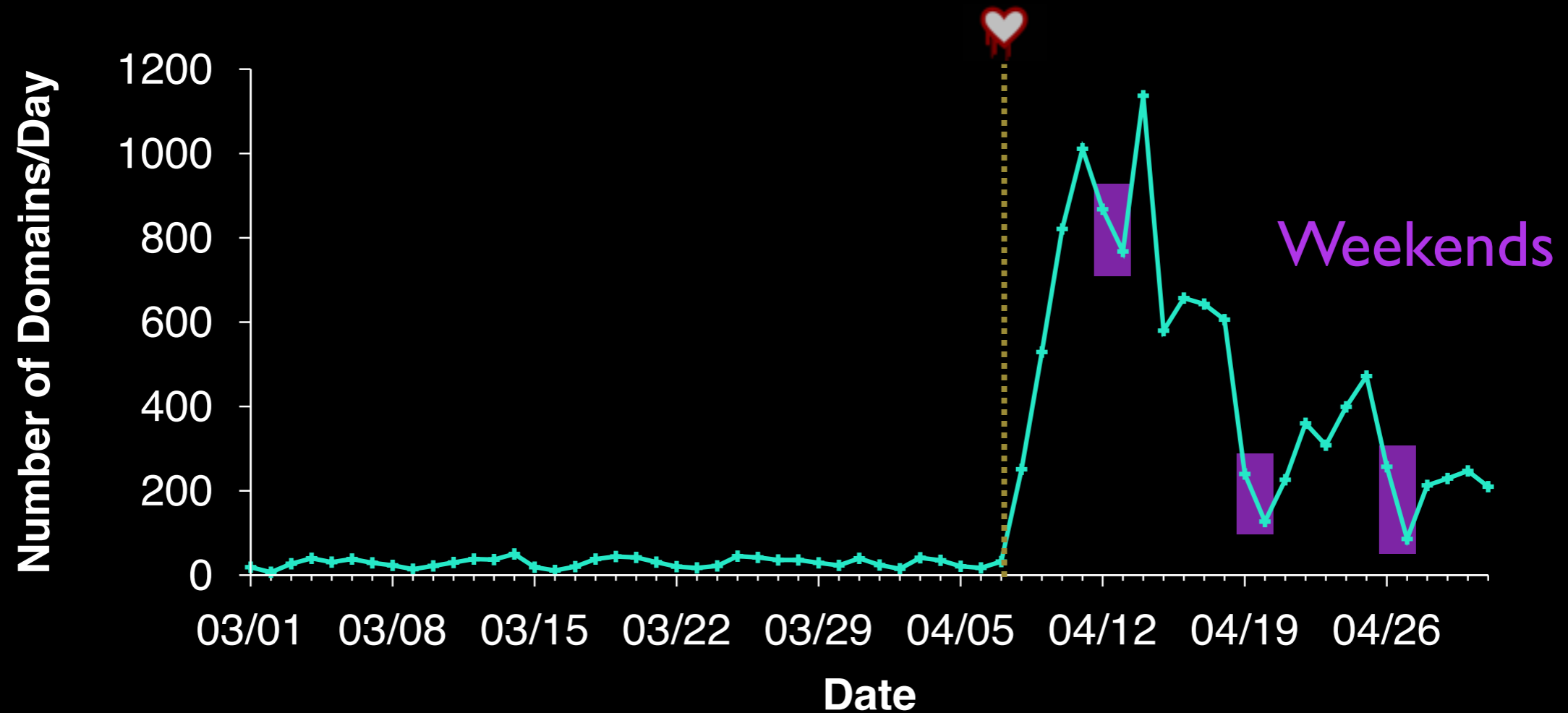
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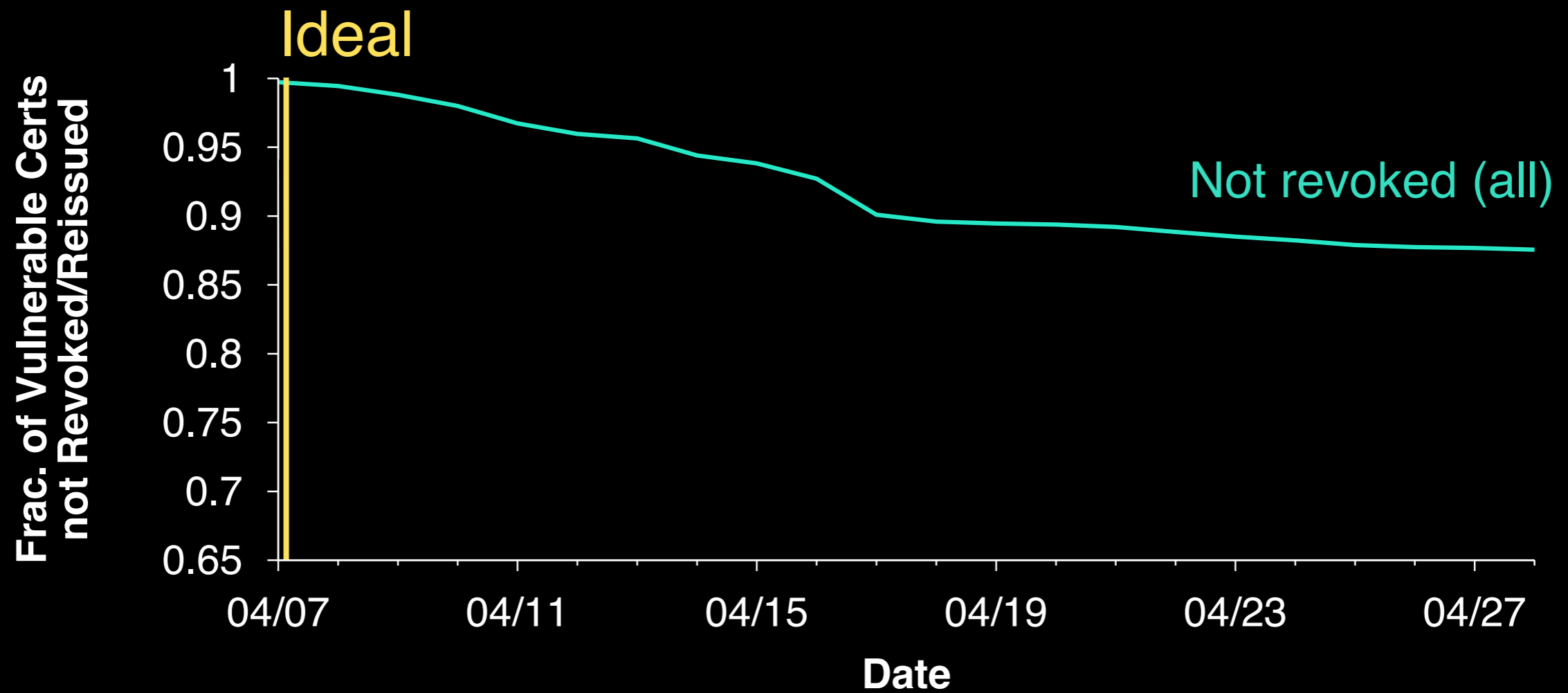
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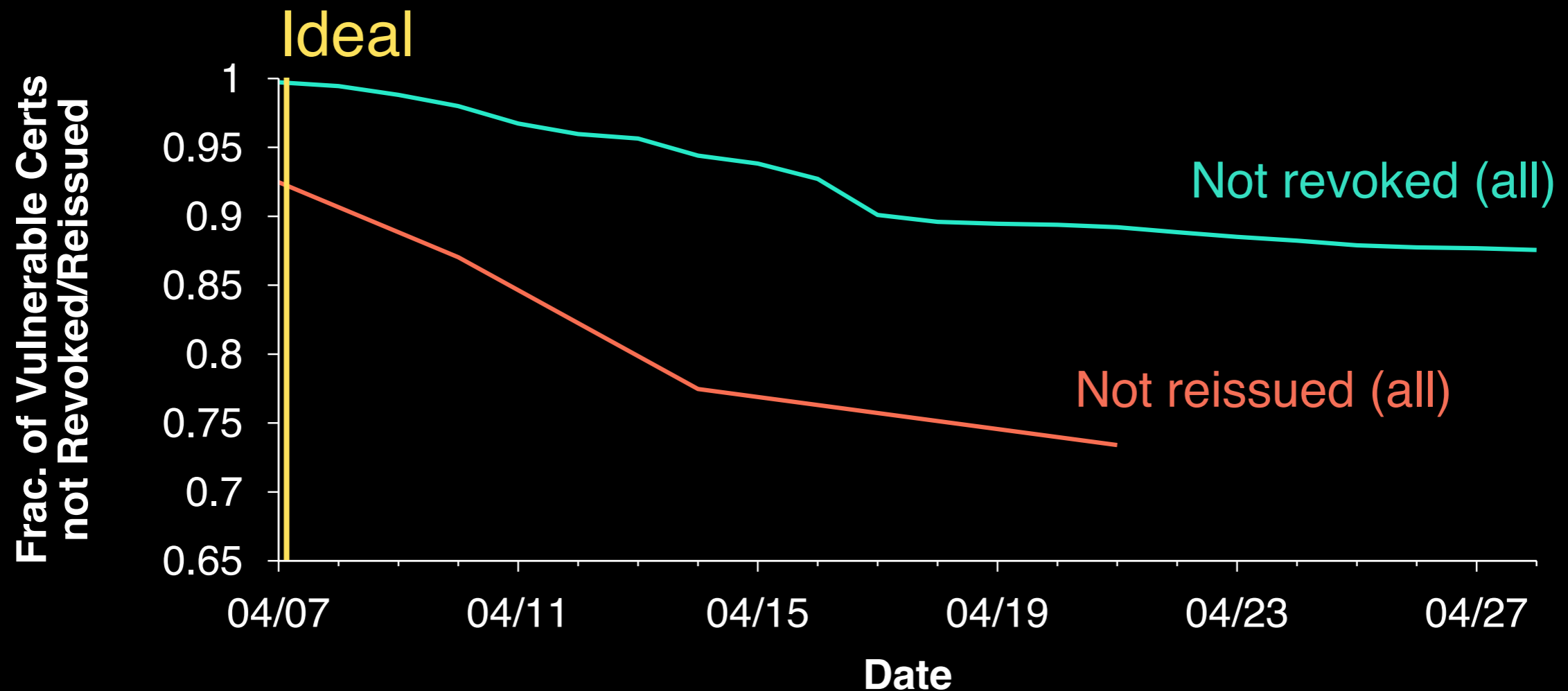
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Security takes the weekends off

# Certificate reissue rates



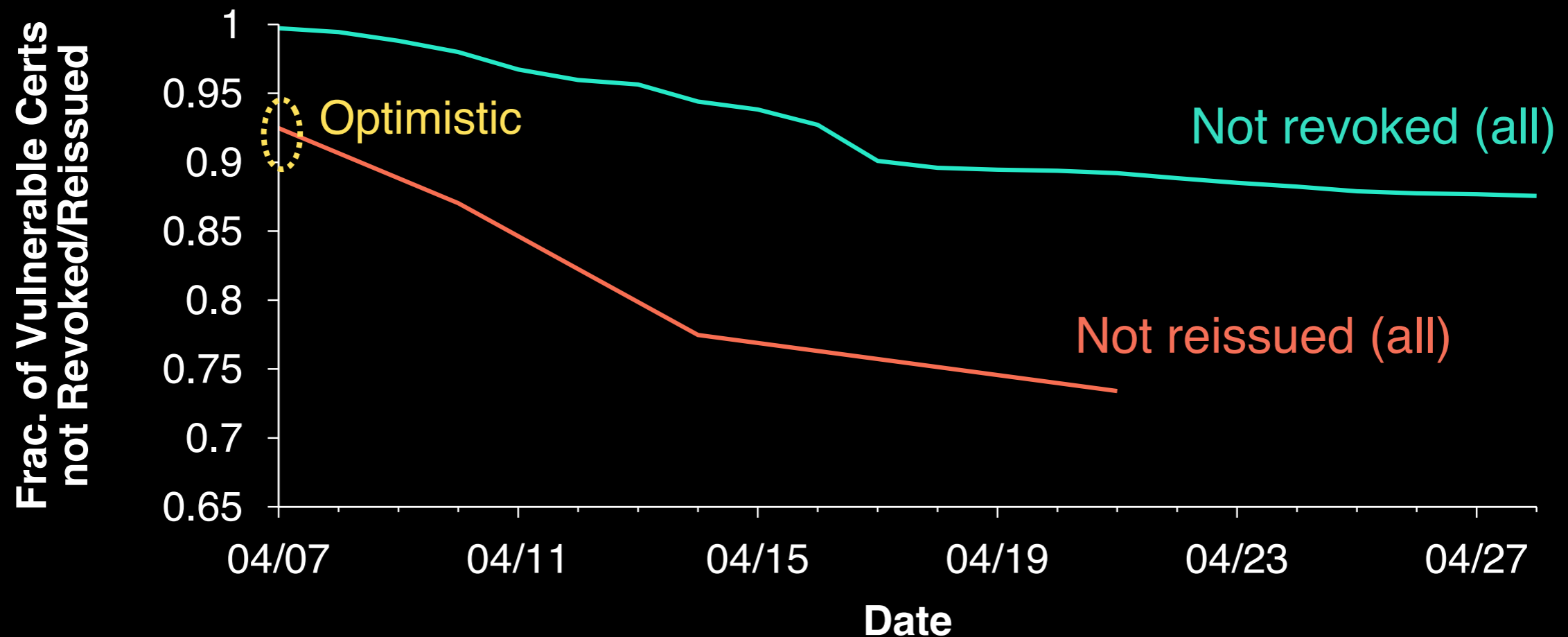
# Certificate reissue rates



Compared to revocations:  
Similar pattern but **better reissue rate**

After 3 weeks: **27%** Reissued

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Similar pattern but **better reissue rate**

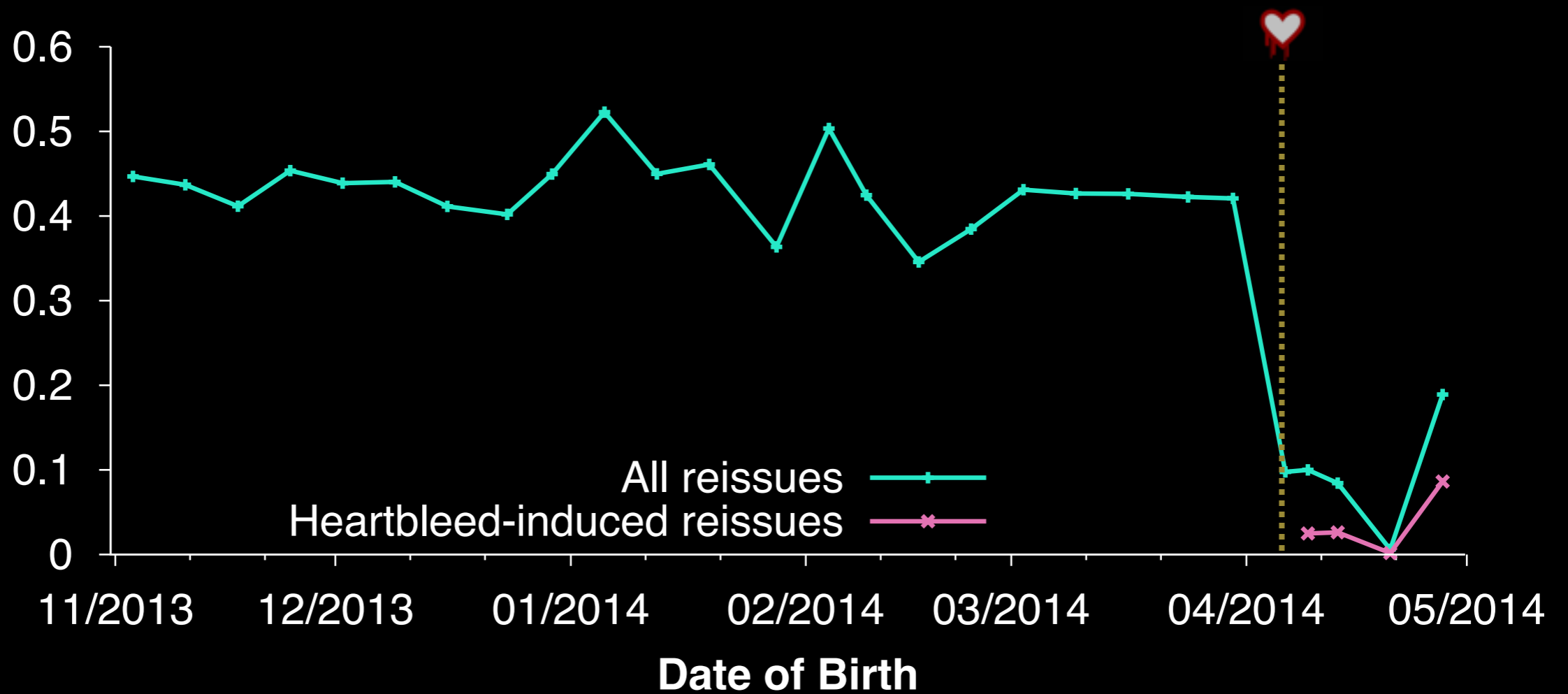
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# Reissue $\Rightarrow$ New key?



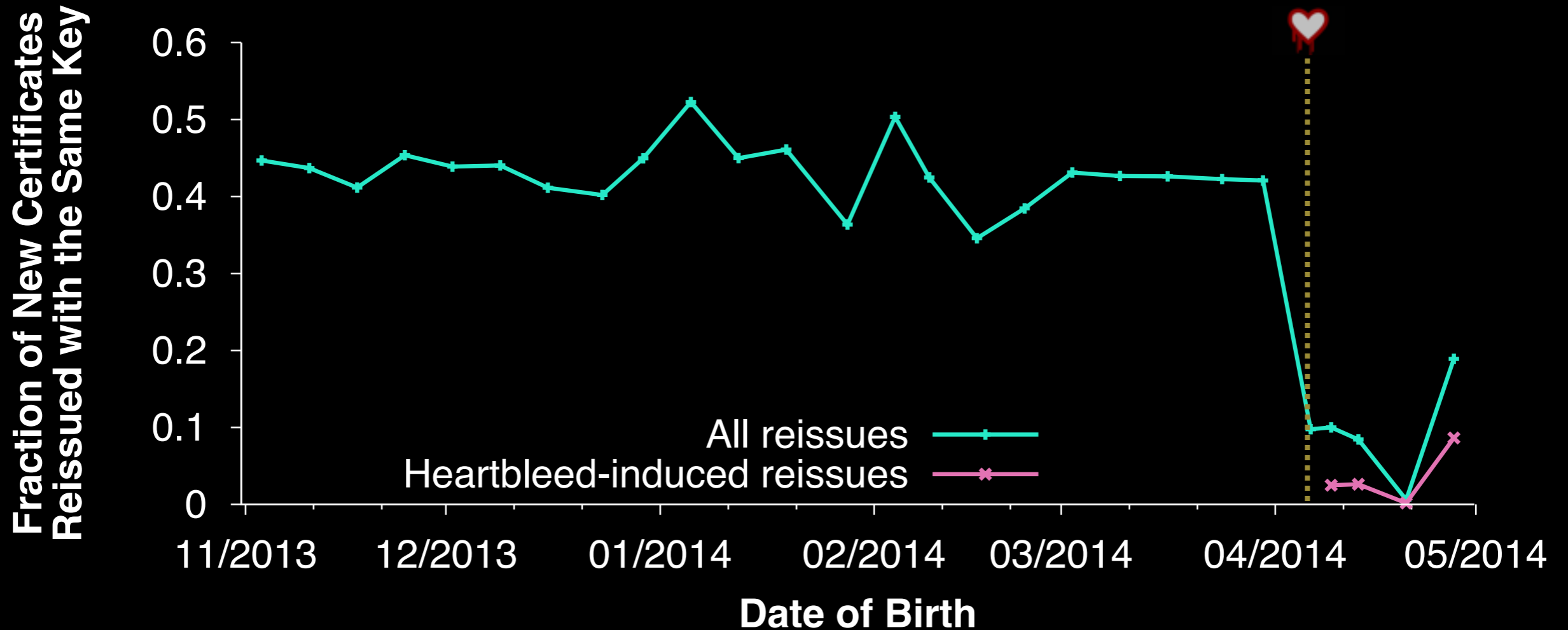
# Reissue $\Rightarrow$ New key?

Fraction of New Certificates  
Reissued with the Same Key





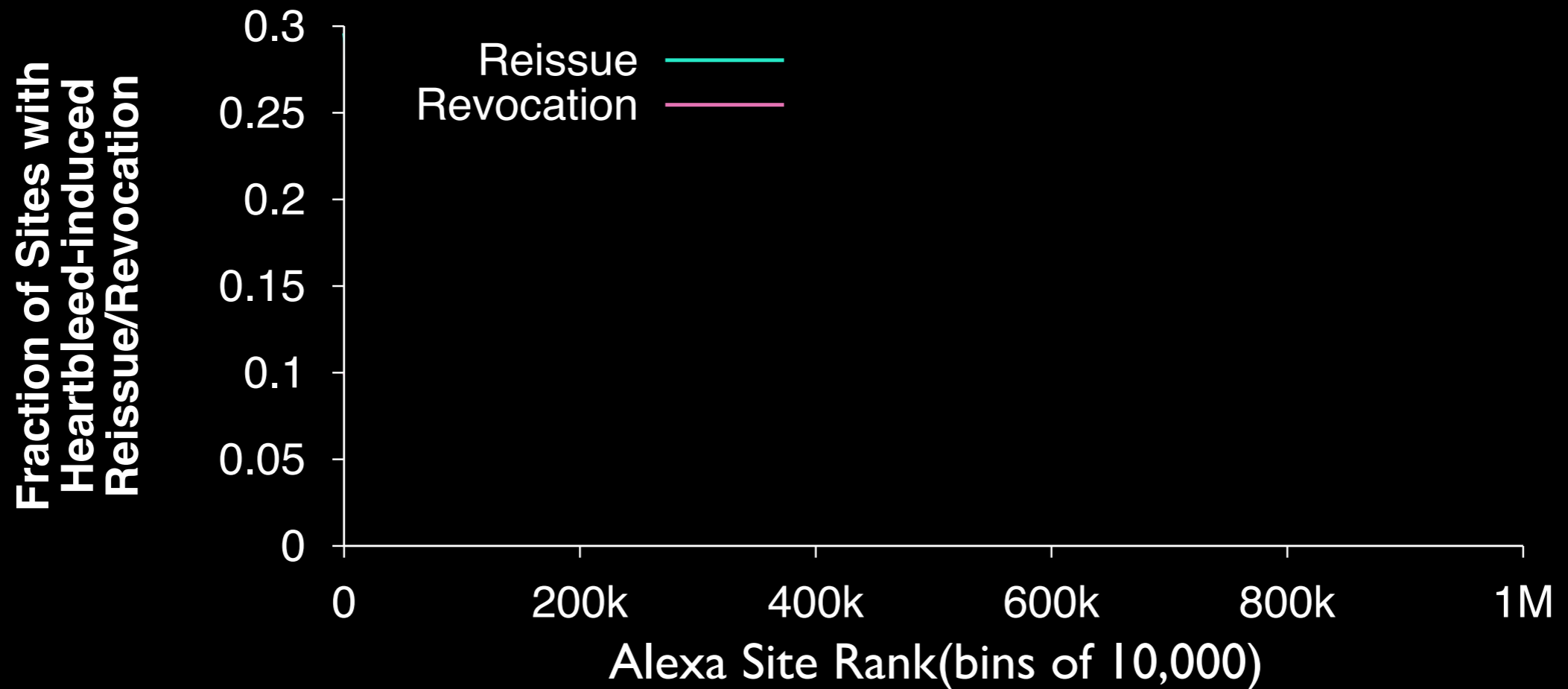
# Reissue $\Rightarrow$ New key?



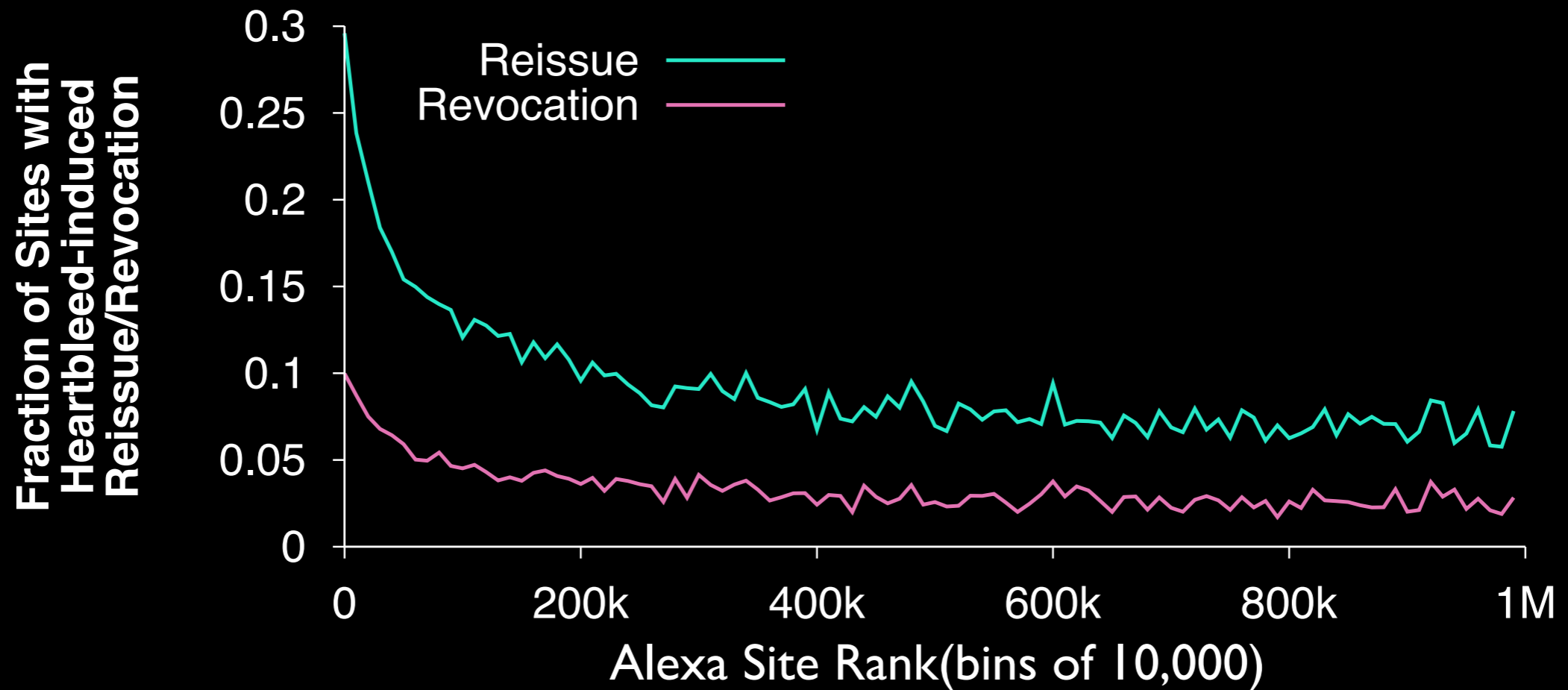
Reissuing the same key is common practice

**4.1% Heartbleed-induced with same key**

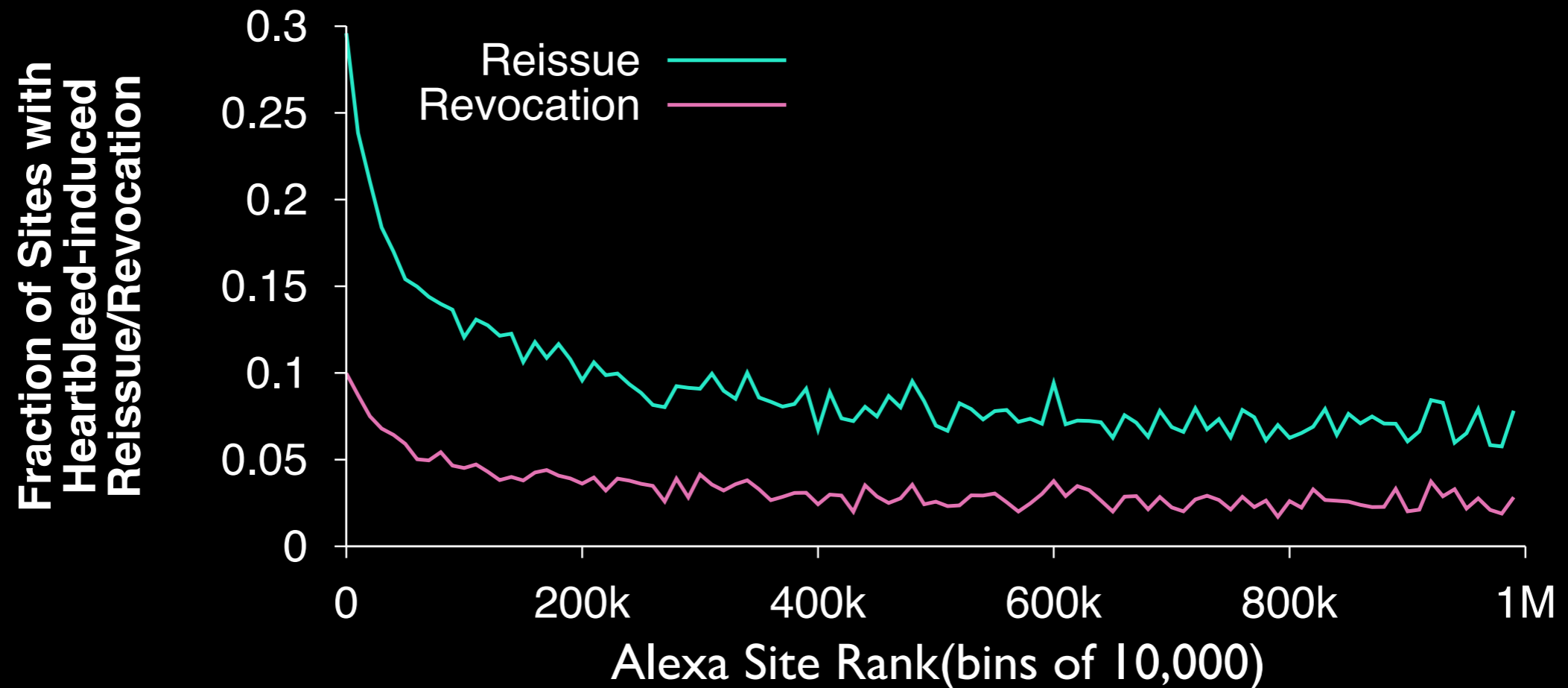
# Popularity $\Rightarrow$ Better reaction?



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Administrators of even highly popular websites aren't doing what the PKI needs them to do

# EV Certificates

More thorough vetting process of CAs and clients

Extended Validation



Normal



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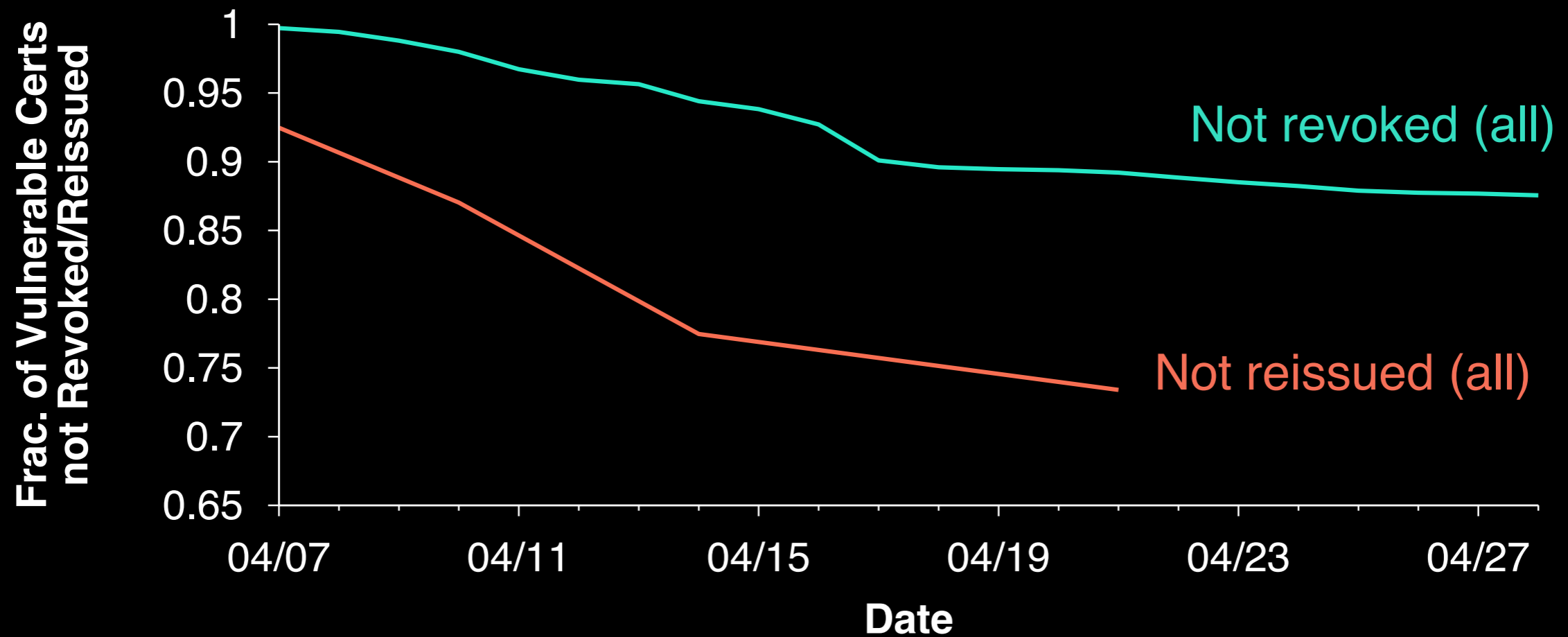


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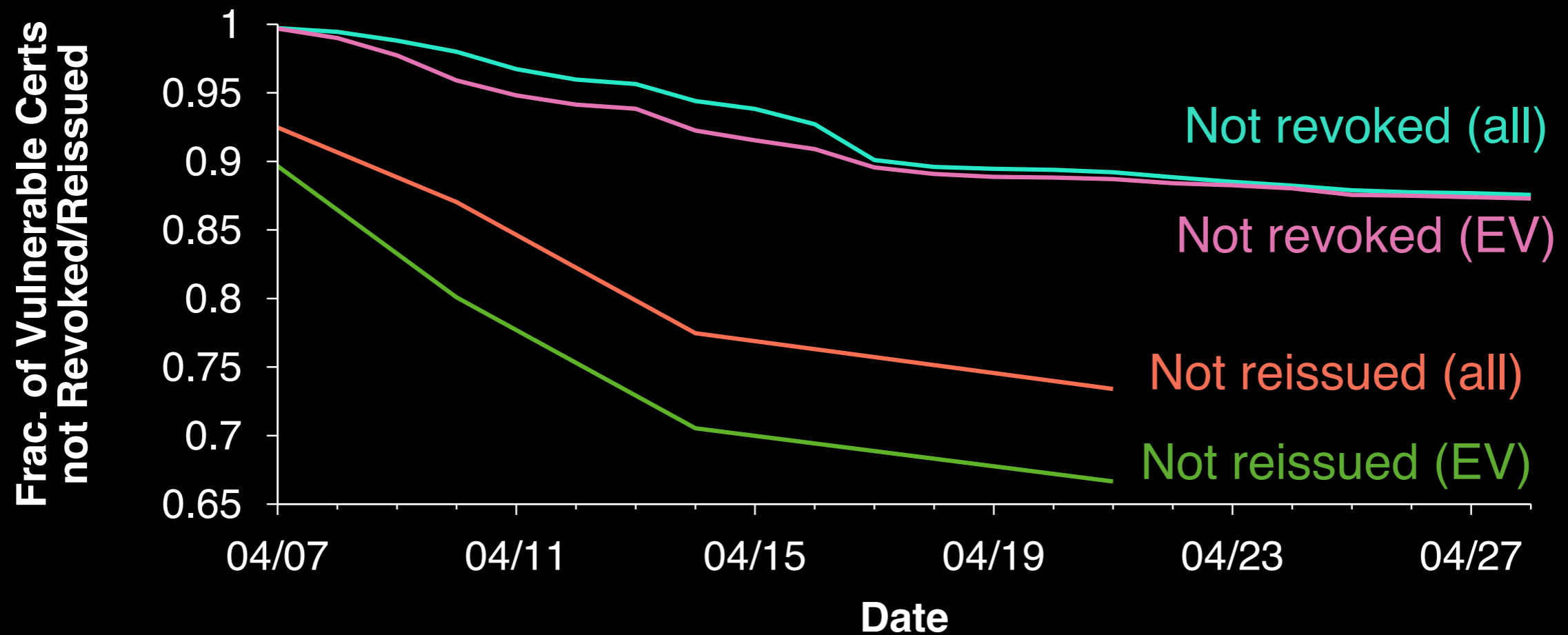


Does the more thorough vetting process  
translate into better *security practices*?

# Are EV certs better managed?



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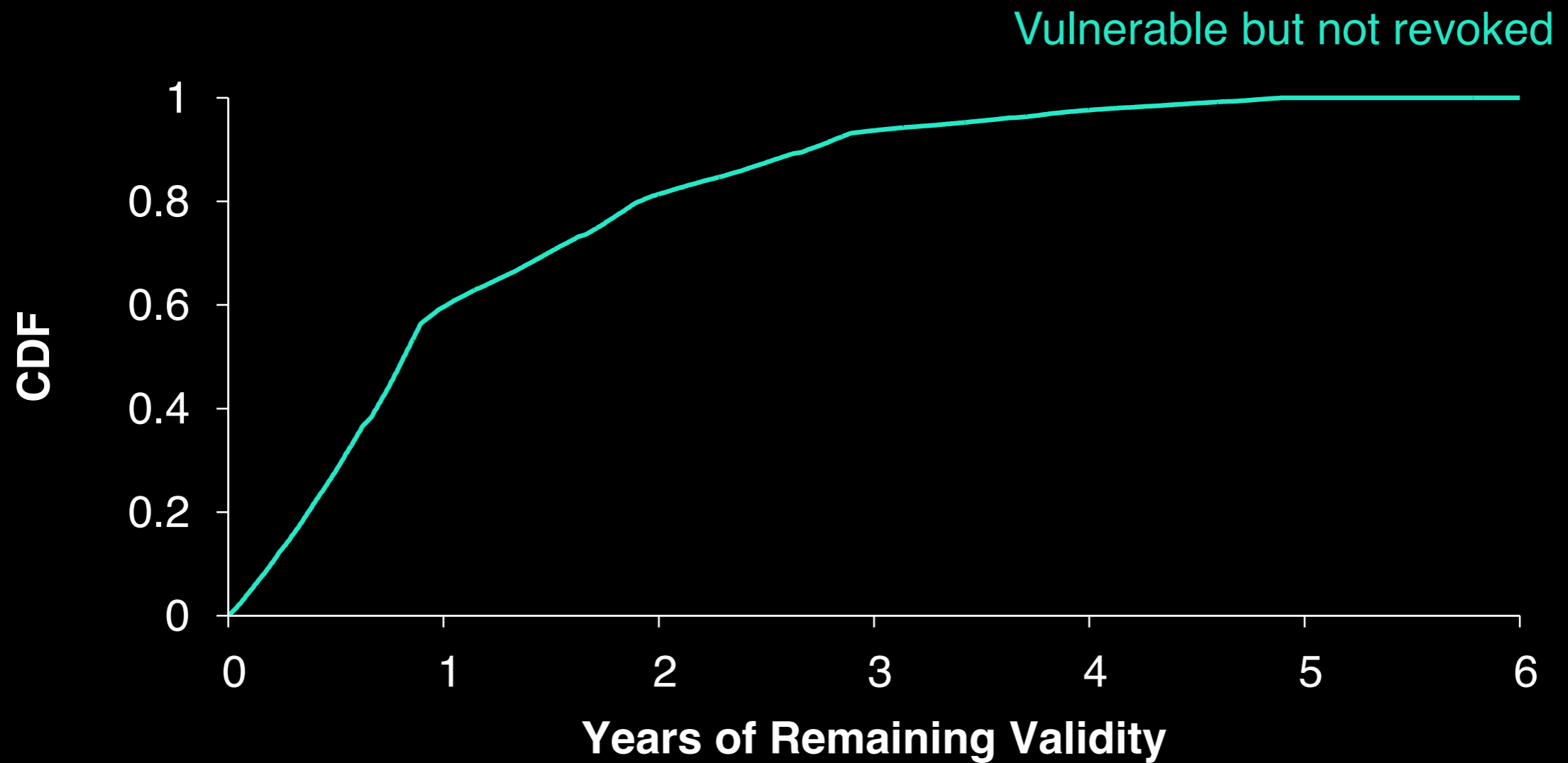
EV certs exhibit slightly better rates (8% reissue)



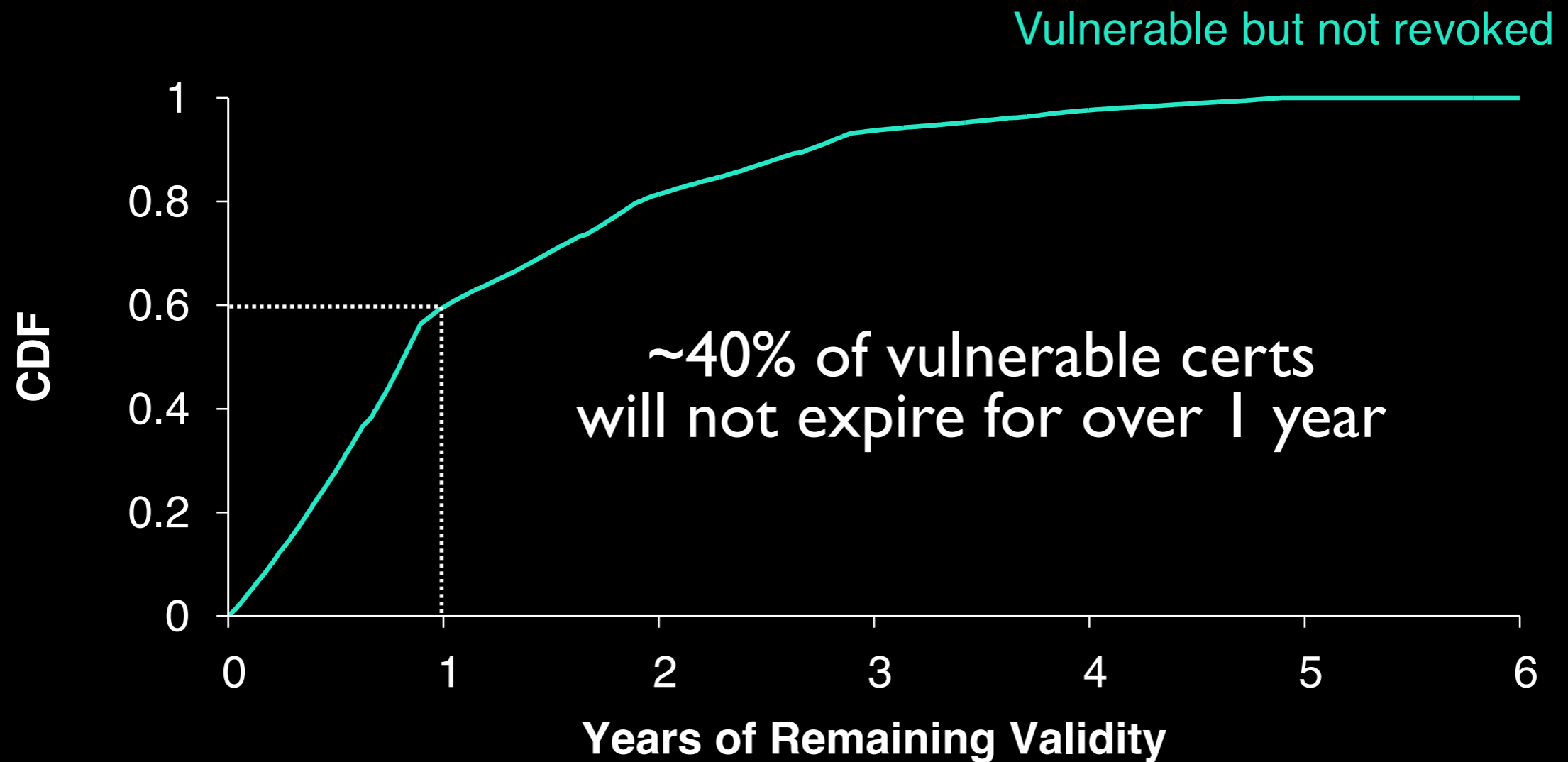
# Can we wait for expiration?



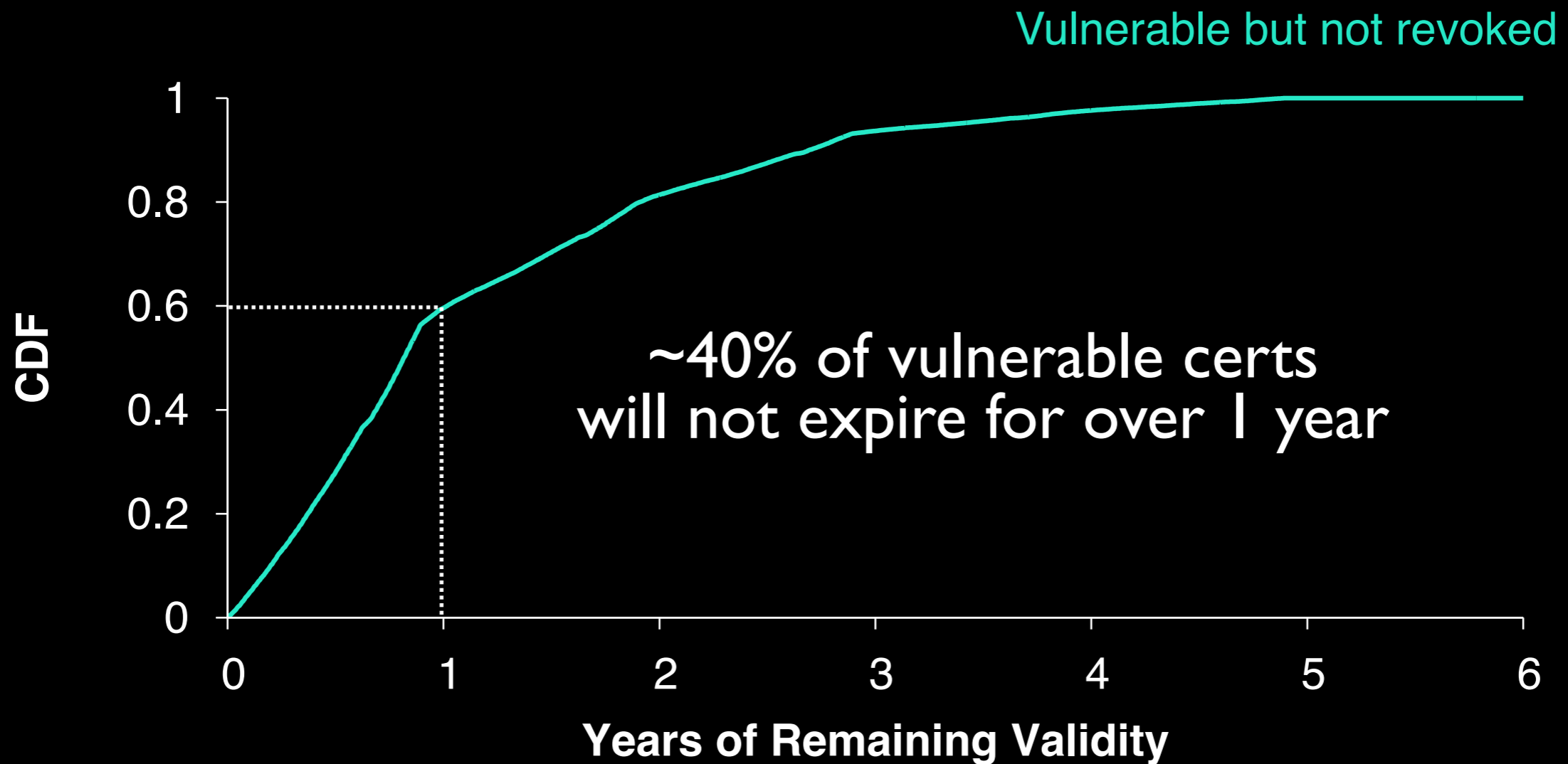
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We may be dealing with Heartbleed for years

# In the paper

- Most reason codes are incorrect
- Revocation and reissue are not simultaneous
- CAs update CRLs in hours
- Heartbleed induce more retired certificates revocations  
and more ...

# Summary

- First study focus on certificates reissues and revocations
  - Large-scale measurements
  - Developed **new methodologies** and **heuristics**
- Key findings
  - After three weeks, only 13% revoked and 27% reissued
  - Security takes the weekends off
  - Live with Heartbleed for years
- Problem: low revocation rates and long expiration dates
  - **Techniques for automate revocation**
  - **Set reasonably short certificate expiration dates**

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Questions?

[securepki.org](http://securepki.org)