DMTCP for Checkpoint-Restart: its Past, Present and Future

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DMTCP (N.U. ACM Undergraduate Chapter)

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• As easy to use as:

dmtcp_launch ./a.out
dmtcp_command --checkpoint
dmtcp_restart ckpt_myapp_*.dmtcp

• A Quick Demo!

- The project is now 9 years old.
- (... and now also funded by Intel Corporation)

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Undergraduates who have contributed to DMTCP

- Jason Ansel (class of 2007
 - DMTCP, multiprocess distributed checkpointing.
 - CRA Award¹ finalist.
 - Currently at MIT, Ph.D. program.
- Alex Brick (class of 2011)
 - Providing MTCP as a checkpoint service for OpenMPI.
 - Currently at Amazon.
- Tyler Denniston (class of 2012)
 - Record-replay and python infrastructure for FReD, the reversible debugger.
 - CRA Award*: Honorable mention.
 - Currently at MIT, Ph.D. program.
- Gregory Kerr (class of 2013)
 - The first version of InfiniBand support for DMTCP.
 - Currently at Apple Corporation.

¹Computer Research Association: Award for best undergraduate computer science researchers in North America

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http://sourceforge.net/projects/dmtcp/files/stats/map?dates=20

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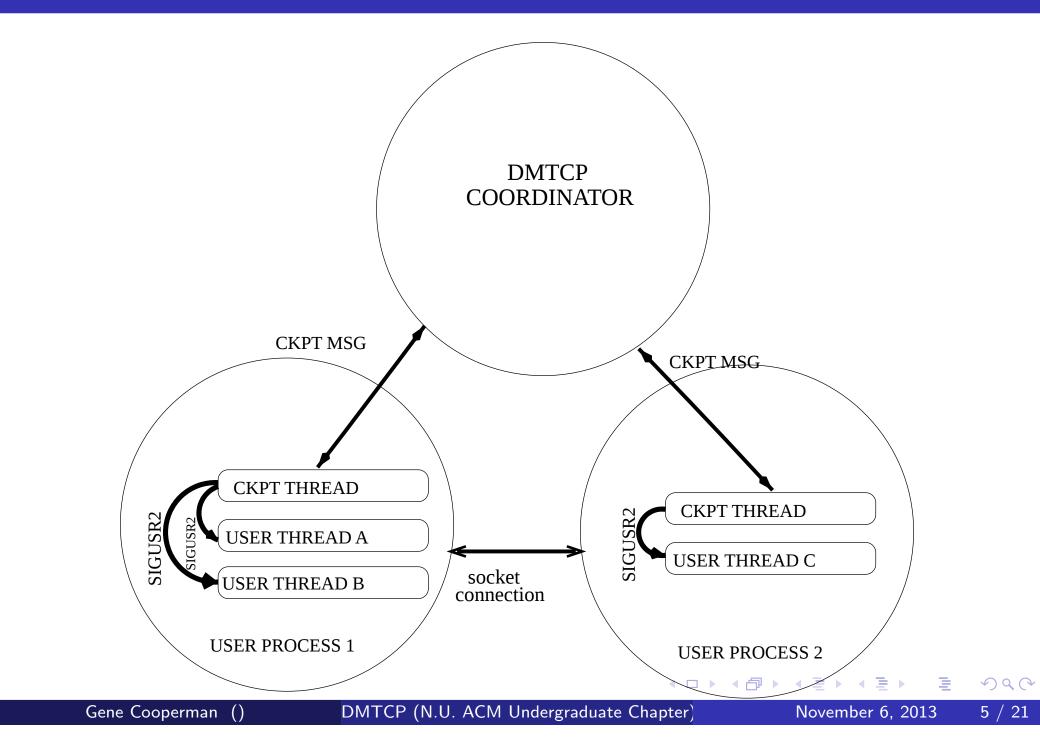
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DMTCP Architecture

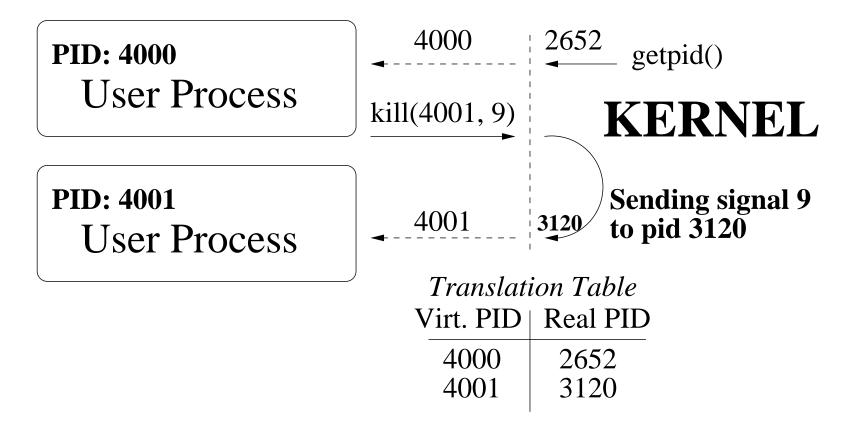


- Vision: Why do we need program and data input?
- Why not just save the state of the process and consider them as as an object that can be modified, replicated, migrated, etc?
- For example, bring the process to the data, instead of bringing the data to the process.
- To accomplish this vision, we face a series of technical challenges.
- Here we present them as a series of puzzles with existing and proposed solutions.

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• PRINCIPLE:

The user sees only virtual pids; The kernel sees only real pids



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• The Cloud is the new mainframe:

- on-demand self-service, broad network access, resource pooling, rapid elasticity, measured service
- But it needs a new scheduler!
- Amazon EC2 and other clouds are inflexible: Example: By default, one pays by the hour, even if we don't use it all. Why? (... maybe because they don't have a preemptive scheduler)
- So, let's schedule jobs using DMTCP:
 - setting priorities
 - suspend jobs
 - migrate jobs
- *Issue:* On restart, the hostname changes, the directory changes, ...
- Solution: Use a plugin to virtualize hostnames and directory names.

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OpenStack

http://openstack.org/

Massachusetts Open Cloud

http://www.massopencloud.org/

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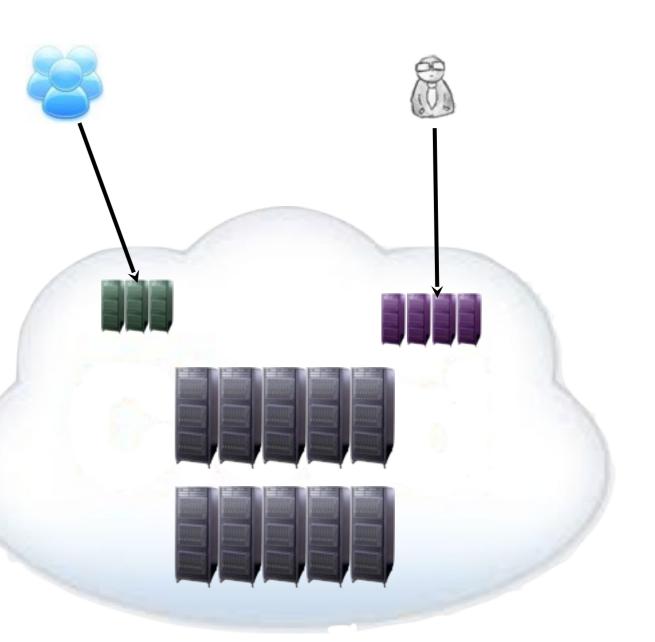
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Cloud computing

- Clouds having a dramatic impact:
 - **Consumer**: on-demand access to inexpensive computational capacity, pay for what you use
 - **Producer**: economy of scale, automation
- Like power, most computation will move into public clouds.

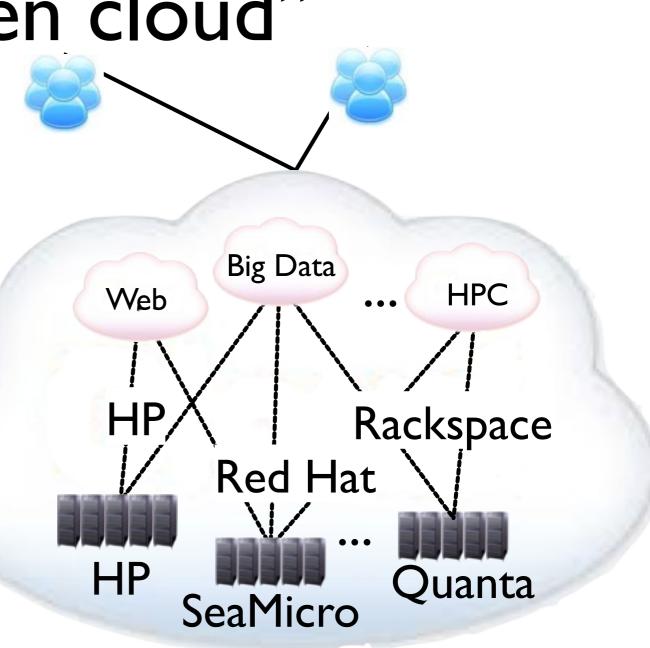


Problems with today's "closed" public clouds

- Highly prescriptive in HW, computational model, economic model; focus on scale-out web applications
- Operational/performance data limited to the single provider
- Limiting research, innovation by third parties
 - technology companies locked out of public clouds; disconnect with private clouds
 - difficult for anyone else to efficiently support/innovate Big data platforms,
- No visibility/auditing of internal operations:
 - Major security challenge for hosting critical datasets
- Accretion of features/services into Provider offering
- Monoculture increasingly dangerous
- Vendor lock in by features, interfaces, and pricing model.

A new model is required: an "open cloud"

- Multiple "partners" participate in implementing and operating cloud
- Each partner determines how to charge for her services
- Operational data visible to stakeholders
- Domain specific "intermediaries":
 - provide customers with simple model
 - enable optimization
- Multi-sided marketplace



The Opportunity

- OpenStack provides most of what we need:
 - modular structure with multiple independent services and support for plugins
- 15 MW MGHPCC data center, low power cost, excellent network connectivity...
- MGHPCC consortium: BU, MIT, NEU, UMass, Harvard.
 - Operate production cloud capacity for research computation & enable Big Data & HPC users
 - Enable research in Big Data, Cloud Computing
- Incredible regional cluster of technology companies and innovative users of technology
- Commonwealth Big Data Initiative
- Launched attempt to create "Massachusetts Open Cloud (MOC)" as a partnership: State, MGHPCC, Industry

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DMTCP Plugins: Adapting to the Cloud

Examples of adapting to the Cloud on restart

- Virtualize the hostname, network address, and current directory, since the Cloud will assign new values for all of the above.
- Other changes: directly notify the application by changing its environment variables (e.g., NUM_RESTARTS, CURR_PRIORITY, etc.)

• DEMO:

cd test/plugin; make check sleep1; make check sleep2

What else is there:

ls contrib

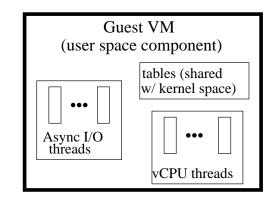
• Changed Environment Variable: contrib/modify-environ

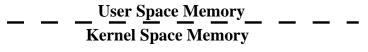
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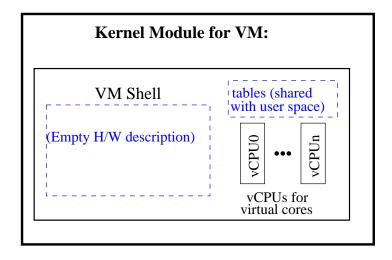
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Virtual Machines and the Cloud

- IaaS (Infrastructure as a Service): Translation into English: Put your software in a virtual machine, and the Cloud will run your virtual machine for you.
- Issue: The Cloud needs to migrate virtual machines to handle priorities, suspending low-priority jobs, load-balancing of resources, etc.
- Solution: virtualize the KVM API Write a DMTCP plugin to checkpoint the KVM virt. machine. Total lines of code (kvm plugin): 300 lines







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- The Cloud needs to also handle parallel or distributed computations. (sometimes called "parallel instances")
- Issue: Current virtual machine snapshots cannot also save the state of the network. (Networking virtual machines requires the Linux Tun/Tap kernel module.)
- Solution: virtualize the Tun network.
 Write a DMTCP plugin to save the state of the "Tun" network between virtual machines on different physical nodes. Total lines of code (tun plugin): 100 lines

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- Hadoop is already fault tolerant.
- Problem: How to preempt a low-priority Hadoop job when a high-priority job is submitted?
- Solution:
 - After a "reduce" operation, ask Hadoop to save the back-end data somewhere.
 - Checkpoint the front-end Hadoop application.
 - Use a DMTCP plugin to re-connect the front-end and back-end on restart.

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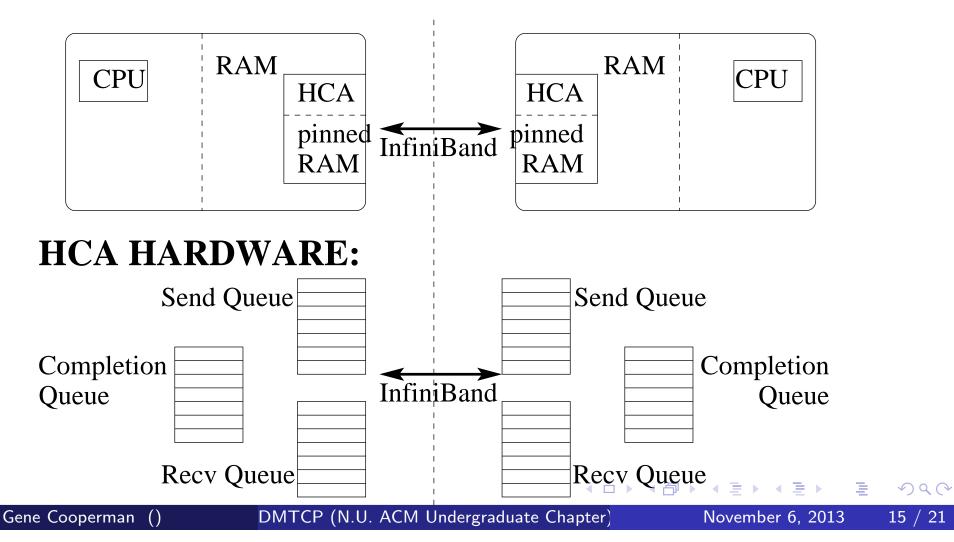
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DMTCP and High Performance Computing (HPC)

- HPC workloads require submitting jobs to a batch queues.
- Problem: On restart, we may be on a different set of nodes.
 - Directory names, hostnames, files, environment variables, etc. may all change.
- Solution: Virtualize directory names, hostnames, etc.

InfiniBand

- Today in HPC, they don't use Ethernet. (*It's too slow!*)
- InfiniBand achieves both high bandwidth and low latency.
- InfiniBand uses RDMA (Remote Direct Memory Access).
- RDMA uses send queue, receive queue, and completion queue



- ISSUES: At restart time, totally different ids and queue pair ids.
- Solution: Drain the completion queue and save in memory.
 On restart, virtualize the completion queue:
 - Virtualized queue returns drained completions before returning completions from the hardware.
 - Virtual queue pair ids (id pointing to a hardware).

Supercomputing: the Intel Xeon Phi

- Xeon Phi: 61 Intel 64-bit cores on a single chip
- Stampede (TACC: Texas Advanced Computer Center, 6,400 nodes) #6 on list of largest supercomputers http://www.tacc.utexas.edu/stampede/
- Tianhe-2 (16,000 computer nodes: 48,000 Xeon Phis) #1 on list of largest supercomputers http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Tianhe-2
- Future supercomputer: Coral (by 2017?, Xeon Phi??)
 Coral: Collaboration, Oak Ridge, Argonne, Livermore
 http://www.hpcwire.com/hpcwire/2013-01-16/doe_to_field_pre

Challenges for DMTCP and Supercomputing

• Scalability Testing:

Initial scalability testing at CERN (recently in the news for discovery of Higgs-Boson particle)

- Test on thousands of computer nodes at CERN, while the LHC collider is down during the planned upgrades to its performance.
- *Issue:* Requires DMTCP sub-coordinators (or tree of coordinators)
- *Solution:* DMTCP plugin

• Virtualizing the New HPC Networks:

InfiniBand must be replaced by customized RDMA network.

- Tianhe-2 (TH Express-2 interconnect network)
- Cray XK7 supercomputer (Gemini network)
- *Issue:* Virtualizing these HPC networks
- Solution: Modify the DMTCP InfiniBand plugin

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A New Challenge: DMTCP and OpenGL (3-D graphics)

- Usually a virtual machine cannot take a snapshot of 3-D graphics (cannot snapshot OpenGL applications). This is because the 3-D graphics object are saved in the graphics hardware.
- Issue: Same problem as we saw with InfiniBand hardware.
 What is the solution this time?
- Solution: Record, compress, and replay the commands.
 Virtualize the graphics objects in the graphics hardware accelerater.

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Gather a user-community to contribute libraries of plugins for adapting software to new environments.

• After all, we can't write all the plugins. :-)

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Thanks to the many students who have contributed to DMTCP over the last nine years. Among the larger contributors are:

Jason Ansel, Kapil Arya, Alex Brick, Jiajun Cao, Tyler Denniston, Xin Dong, Rohan Garg, Samaneh Kazemi, Gregory Kerr, Artem Y. Polyakov, Michael Rieker, Praveen S. Solanki, Ana-Maria Visan

QUESTIONS?

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