

```
/***
 * A triangle in 3D, with three Vec vertices and a reflectivity (a Color).
*<p>
* For CSU540 Computer Graphics class, Spring 2005
* CCIS, Northeastern University
*<p>
* Includes linear transform using a Mat
*<br>
* Method names ending with "Same" alter the given triangle.
* Others return a copy.
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* @version 22 January 2005
*/
```

```
public class Triangle {
    /**
     * The only (non-static) field, a -element array of Vec vertices.
     */
    public Vec[] tri;

    /**
     * Tests and prints results of all methods (all are static)
     */
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Vec v0 = new Vec(0.0,0.0,0.0);
        Vec v1 = new Vec(1.0,0.0,0.0);
        Vec v2 = new Vec(0.0,1.0,0.0);
        Triangle t1 = new Triangle(v0, v1, v2);
        System.out.println("Triangle vertices are:" + t1);
        Mat trans = Mat.transMat(1.0, 2.0, 3.0);
        System.out.println("Translation matrix: " + trans);
        Triangle t2 = Triangle.transformTriangle(trans, t1);
        System.out.println("Translated triangle vertices are:" + t2);
    }

    /**
     * Lists the three vertices
     */
    public String toString(){
        return "\n" +
            tri[0].vec + "\n" +
            tri[1].vec + "\n" +
            tri[2].vec + "\n";
    }

    /**
     * Creates Triangle with the 3-element Vec array.
     */
    public Triangle() {
        tri = new Vec[3];
        for(int trindex = 0; trindex < 3; trindex++)
            tri[trindex] = new Vec();
    }

    /**
     * Creates Triangle with the three given vertices
     */
    public Triangle(Vec v0, Vec v1, Vec v2) {
        Vec[] tri = new Vec[3];
        tri[0] = v0;
        tri[1] = v1;
        tri[2] = v2;
    }
}
```

```
/**  
 * Produces a copy of the triangle after a linear transform is applied  
 * @param mat The linear transform.  
 * @param t1 The triangle to be transformed.  
 * @return A new triangle which has the transformed vertices.  
 */  
public static Triangle transformTriangle(Mat mat, Triangle t1){  
    Triangle triReturn = new Triangle();  
    for(int vert = 0; vert < 3; vert++)  
        triReturn.tri[vert] = Mat.matrixXvector(mat, t1.tri[vert]);  
    return triReturn;  
}  
  
} // class Triangle
```