This homework is due at the beginning of class on December 2, 2015 and is worth 1.5% of your grade.

Name: __________________________________________

CCIS Username: ________________________________

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1. Using your web browser, analyze the SSL certificate for https://www.bankofamerica.com

1a. Who signed this certificate? How many certificates are there in the chain to the root? (5 pts)

1b. You will notice that the root certificate for this site is VeriSign Class 3 Public Primary Certification Authority - G5. What distinguishes a root certificate from other SSL certificates? (5 pts)

1c. When will this chain no longer be valid? How do you know? (5 pts)

1d. When public key encryption algorithm did Bank of America use to generate their public/private key pair? How big is the key? (5 pts)
2a. Suppose that using your web browser, you connect to a HTTPS web site where the root certificate in the chain is not in your browser’s trust store. What should happen? (5 pts)

2b. Sometimes it is necessary to use untrusted self-signed certificates in practice. When might this be the case? What security guarantees would doing this provide? (5 pts)

2c. Suppose you are an attacker, and during a break-in, you discover that you can obtain either the private key corresponding to Bank of America’s certificate, or the private key corresponding to the root CA certificate that signed Bank of America’s certificate? (VeriSign Class 3 Public Primary Certification Authority - G5) Given that you are an attacker, which would you pick to download and why? (5 pts)
3. Consider the following three snippets of C code that use the `getc()`, `gets()` or `fgets()` utilities to read input from standard input:

```c
char buf[1000];
gets(buf);

char buf[1000];
fgets(buf, 10000, stdin);

char buf[1000];
gets(buf);
for (int i=0; i<=1000; i++)
  buf[i] = getc();
```

3a. Which of these three snippets are vulnerable to a buffer overflow? Why? Hint: You may need to refer to the man pages (e.g., man getc) if you are not familiar with these functions. (10 pts)

3b. For each of the snippets that you think are vulnerable, give an example of an input that would cause a buffer overflow. (5 pts)
4a. When considering Distributed Denial of Service (DDoS) attacks, what is a reflection attack? Why do attackers do these? (5 pts)

4b. Why are UDP-based protocols (e.g., DNS, NTP, etc) often used as the basis for DDoS reflection attacks? (10 pts)

4c. What is amplification in the context of DDoS attacks, and why is it attractive to attackers? Give an example of a protocol message that is a vector for amplification attacks. (5 pts)

4d. How might one defend against such attacks? (5 pts)